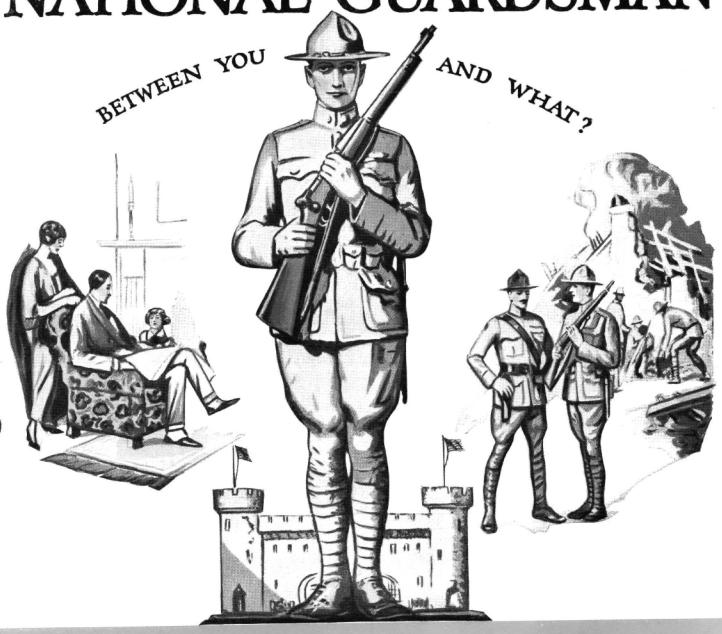
OFFICIAL STATE PUBLICATION

THE NEW YORK
NATIONAL GUARDSMAN



A Chance to Obtain Trained Recruits!

Men trained in R.O.T.C. Unit of New York University who have severed their connection this date without being inducted into some branch of the Army, is submitted:

		Grade	
$Nam\epsilon$	Age	Training Recom- Years mended	Future Address
Alderman, Harry Allen, Richard E. Anderson, Lester F, Avedon, Harvey	19	2 Pvt.	214 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.
Anderson, Lester F.	21	2 Sgt. 2 Pvt.	214 New Main St., Yonkers, N. 1. 157 E. Lincoln Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 969 Summit Ave., New York, N. Y. (edarhurst, L. I., N. Y. 374½—77th St., Jackson Hghts., L. I., N. Y. 1665 Grand Concourse, New York, N. Y. 1991 Washington Ave., New York, N. Y. 4305 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Avedon, Harvey	21	2 Cpl.	Cedarhurst, L. I., N. Y.
	23	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	1665 Grand Concourse, New York, N. Y.
Beckman, Charles A. Belenkoff, Murray Berkowitz, Harold Borgenicht, Nathan B.	19	2 Cpl.	1991 Washington Ave., New York, N. Y.
Borgenicht, Nathan B	18 20	2 Pvt. 2 Cpl.	Ord West Linu Hve., Iven Lord, Iv. I.
Chento, Jacob L	20 21	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	23-35th St., Astoria, L. I., N. Y.
Cloonan, Edmund T	21	2 Sgt.	146 Highland Ave., Kingston, N. Y. 4154 Bronxwood Ave., New York, N. Y.
Coopersmith, Abraham Curtis, Reginald F	20 19	2 Cpl. 2 Cpl.	424 E. 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Purchase, N. Y.
Daleas, Ulysses P. Dash, William J.	19	ž Cpl.	56 W. 180th St., New York, N. Y.
Dash, William J	22 20	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	615 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 58 Morris St., Yonkers, N. Y.
De Felice, Albert J	22	2 Cpl.	59 Treho St., New Rochelle, N. Y.
Diamondstein, Bernard Dulberg, Louis	17 20	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt. 2 Pvt. 2 Cpl. 2 Cpl. 2 Cpl. 2 Cyl. 2 Pvt. 2 Pvt. 2 Pvt. 2 Pvt. 2 Sgt. 2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	461 Miller Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Eisenberg, Harold J	19	2 Pvt.	90 Elwood St., New York, N. Y. 179 Smith St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Eisenberg, Harold J. Eismeier, Karl F. Epstein, Samuel	19 17	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	2074 Bissel Ave., New York, N. Y. 1025—45th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 146 W. 118th St., New York, N. Y.
	19	2 Pvt.	146 W. 118th St., New York, N. Y.
Fisher, Frank Fredericks, Walter H.	20	2 Cpl.	2850 La Salle Ave., New York, N. Y. 630—141st St., New York, N. Y.
Garges, John P. D. Garilli, Paul Geber, Alfred	21	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	65 Pine St., Rockville Center, L. I., N. Y. 8 Baxter St., New York, N. Y. 1810 Loring Place, New York, N. Y. 2089 Tiebout Ave., New York, N. Y.
Geber, Alfred	19	2 Pvt.	1810 Loring Place, New York, N. Y.
Gernhardt, Willard G	19 22	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	2089 Tiebout Ave., New York, N. Y.
Gernhardt, Willard G. Harmon, Charles F. Harris, Sidney Harwood, Van Ness, Jr.	18	2 Cpl.	92—54th St., Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y. 1641 Grand Ave., New York, N. Y. 14 Thayer St., New York, N. Y.
Harwood, Van Ness, Jr	19	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	
Hepner, Milton	19	2 Sgt.	812 Riverside Drive, New York, N. Y.
Herbst, Edmund A	21 23	2 Cpl. 2 Cpl.	2008 Daly Ave., New York, N. Y. 805 Chestnut St., New York, N. Y.
Immordino Charles	18	2 Cpl.	2434 Cambrelling Ave., New York, N. Y.
Irwin, John S	20 22	2 Pvt. 2 1st Sgt.	76 Briggs Ave., Yonkers, N. Y. 44 Ravine St., Yonkers, N. Y.
Jacobson, Lesile A	19 18	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	104 Sicles Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y.
lawitz, Julian Kahn, Walter	18	2 Cpl.	238 Mt. Hope Place, New York, N. Y.
Kanner, Abe	18	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	1018 E. 163rd St., New York, N. Y.
Katz, Harold	19	2 Pvt.	1950 Andrews Ave., New York, N. Y.
Kleinhans, Robert O Klinger, Milton J	20	2 Cpl. 2 Cpl. 2 Pvt. 2 1st Sgt. 2 Pvt. 2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	104 Sicles Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y. 33—98th St., Corona, L. I., N. Y. 238 Mt. Hope Place, New York, N. Y. 1018 E. 163rd St., New York, N. Y. 1646—49th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 1950 Andrews Ave., New York, N. Y. 216 E. 39th St., New York, N. Y. 3985 Saxon Ave., New York, N. Y. Pine Bush, N. Y.
Kloppenberg, George R	26	2 Pvt.	
Krebs, Irving LaBarbera, Thomas	19 20	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	1222 E. 22nd St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 611 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Landman, Louis	18	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	586 So. Blvd., New York, N. Y.
MacLean, William J	18	2 Cpl.	151 E. 150th St., New York, N. Y. 2377 Creston Ave., New York, N. Y. 1158—5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
Miles, George S	21 22	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	1158—5th Ave., New York, N. Y. 1121 Tinton Ave., New York, N. Y.
Murphy, John Mc. Nydorf, William S.	21	2 Pvt.	212 Crown St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Nydorf, William S O'Brien, John J	19 20	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	350 Marcy Avc., New York, N. Y. 140 Murray Lane, Flushing, L. I., N. Y.
O'Brien, John J O'Hara, Thomas P	21	2 Pyt.	466 E. 187th St., New York, N. Y.
Olszewski, John P Page, Richard W	19 18	2 Cpl. 2 Cpl.	466 E. 187th St., New York, N. Y. 12 N. 10th Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Hawthorne, N. Y.
Palmert Steven I.	20 19	2 Cpl.	355 E. 82nd St., New York, N. Y.
Podowitz, Sam Poulsen, Eric Rapaport, Howard G. Rauch, Walter E.	20	2 Pvt. 2 Cpl.	1920 Walton Ave., New York, N. Y. 903 New York Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Rapaport, Howard G	21	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	903 New York Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 2751 Claffin Ave., New York, N. Y. 9014—75th St., Woodhaven, L. I., N. Y.
Reynolds, Theodore E	21	2 Pvt.	3049 Willett Ave., New York, N. 1.
Reynolds, Theodore E	20	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	325 Rich Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 1A May St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
Rosamilia, Angelo	23	2 Cpl:	165—7th Ave., New York, N. Y. 284 Rutledge St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Rosenberg, Bernard H Rosenthal, Herbert I	17	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	12 Pineburst Ave., New York, N. Y.
Roslow, Sydney	19	2 Pvt.	883 E. 165th St., New York, N. Y. 107 Clark Place, New York, N. Y.
Rothbart, Edward I	18	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	Maple St., Cedarburst, L. I., N. Y.
Sandler, Woodrow	17	2 Sgt. 2 Cpl.	Maple St., Cedarburst, L. I., N. Y. 884 West End Ave., New York, N. Y.
Shallaba, Joseph	19	Ž Pyt,	1698 Selwin Aye., New York, N. Y. 142 Columbia St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Snyder, Abraham J	18	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	423 -16th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 618 W. 148th St., New York, N. Y.
Sintes, Francisco	21	2 Pvt.	2132 Grand Avenue., New York, N. Y.
Slater, Harold A	22	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	Pine Bush, N. Y. 1150 Summer Ave., Schenectady, N. Y.
Solomiansky, Nathan	19	2 Cpl.	1150 Summer Ave., Schenectady, N. Y. 764 Fox St., New York, N. Y. 104 Union Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 500 W. 114th St., New York, N. Y.
Sullivan, Frank J.	19	2 Pvt. 2 Pvt.	500 W, 114th St., New York, N. Y.
Straus, Bernard Sullivan, Frank J. Tauss, Morris W. Tilitz, Robert R.	20 20	2 Pvt.	6141 Delafield Ave., New York, N. Y.
	21	2 Cpl. 2 Pvt.	500 W. 114th St., New York, N. Y. 6141 Delafield Ave., New York, N. Y. 9A Jennings St., Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y. 112 Hollywood Ave., Crestwood, N. Y.
Weber, Moses Weiner, Samuel S.	21 20	2 Cpl. 2 Cpl.	1968 Marmon Ave., New York, N. Y.
Weinstock, Joseph	18	2 Pvt.	1968 Marmon Ave., New York, N. Y. 530 W. 136th St., New York, N. Y. 110 W. 37d St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 346 Lenox Ave., New York, N. Y.
Young, Philip	19	2 Pvt. 2 Sgt.	346 Lenox Ave., New York, N. Y. 2385 Grand Concourse, New York, N. Y.
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NUMBER SIX

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THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN: 829 Municipal Building, New York City

"It will be strictly non-political; it will not attempt to exploit any theme or theory on partisan lines; it will religiously refrain from 'underwriting' the ambitions or activities of any individual, public or private, it will be severely independent, making its appeal to the interests of the readers rather than to the vanity of those in charge; it will encourage that training which no successful business man can ignore if he desires his employees to be better disciplined and trained to give 100 per cent of duty to all work entrusted to them—it will be a vehicle for the propagation of one policy and only one: Better Guardsmanship and Better Citizenship!"

LIEUT.-COL. FRED M. WATERBURY, $\it Editor$

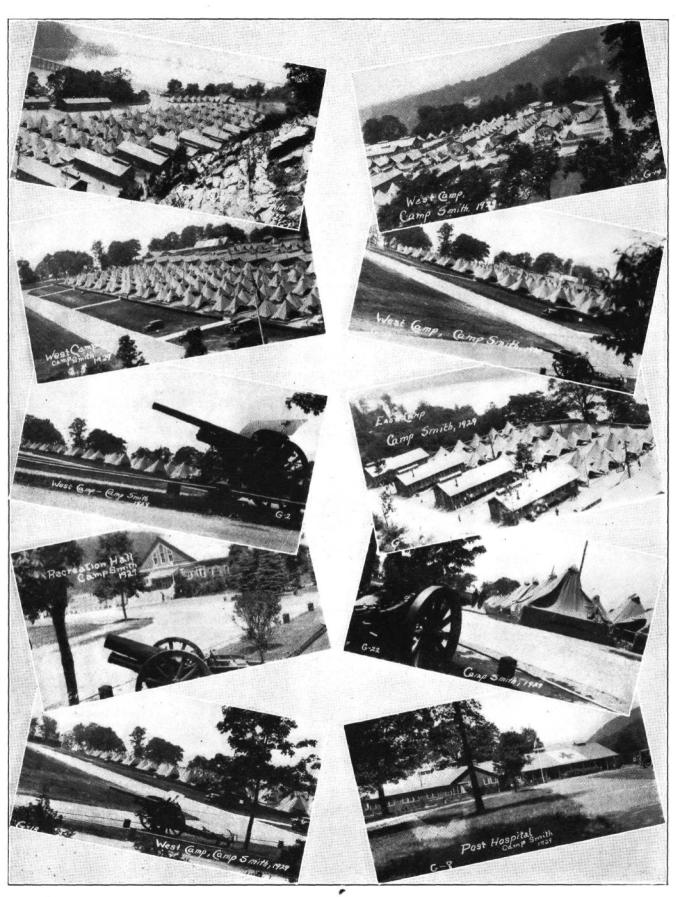
LIEUT.-COL. HENRY E. SUAVET,

Business Manager, Headquarters New York National Guard 829 Municipal Building, New York City

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CAMP SMITH, 1929

Crack Shots Representing New York State in National Matches



Camp Perry, Ohio's State Camp and Rifle Range where the National Matches are being held, showing camping area with Mess Hall right center and Lake Erie in distance. The firing point is visible at left of picture, the back stop being the lake.

(Photo through courtesy of Pennsylvania Guardsman.)

IEUTENANT COLONEL FRED M. WATERBURY, ▲State Ordnance Officer, completed arrangements last month for the teams to represent the National Guard and the civilians of the State of New York in the National Matches at Camp Perry, Ohio, the week of September 8th, and on orders from the Adjutant General's Office all teams moved to the Ohio State Rifle Range August 24th. Men on all teams have been selected by many competitive tryouts and should give a good account of themselves and keep up the prestige of the Empire State.

In the many preliminary matches held to pick out the Pistol Team sponsored by the State, the enlisted men shot off all the officers, the six high men representing equally the Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery.

The National Guard Rifle Team

Team Captain Lt. Col. Fred M. Waterbury, Div. Ord. Off., 27th Division, N. Y. City.

Team Coach

2nd Lt. Alfred N. Gormsen, Company C, 102nd Engineers, N. Y. City.

Range Officer

1st Lt. John R. Cavanaugh, 1st Bn. Hq. Battery, 104th Field Artillery, Binghamton.

Principals and Alternates

Captain William A. Swan, Company F, 102nd Engineers, N. Y. City.

1st Lt. Fred W. Ellis, Company E, 174th Infantry, Jamestown.

2nd Lt. Lynn D. Wallace, Company H, 174th Infantry,

1st Sgt. Willis J. Breitsman, Company F, 108th Infantry, Medina.

Sergeant Thomas A. Moore, Company K, 107th Infantry, N. Y. City.

Sergeant Olaf Gormsen, Company B, 102nd Engineers, N. Y. City.

Sergeant Harry A. James, Company E, 174th Infantry; Jamestown.

Corporal William C. Fisher, Jr., Company L, 107th Infantry, N. Y. City.

Pvt. 1st Cl. James H. Fitzgerald, Company L, 107th Infantry, N. Y. City.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Robert Darling, Company E, 10th Infantry. Private Gregory T. Kelly, Company I, 107th Infantry, N. Y. City.

Private Norman Davids, Company A, 107tb Infantry, N. Y. City.

The National Guard Pistol Team

Lt. Col. Fred M. Waterbury, Div. Ord. Off.

Principals and Alternates

1st Sgt. F. E. Cornell, Battery B, 104th Field Artillery. 1st Sgt. Ward E. Brown, 1st Batt. Hd. Batt., 104th Field Artillery.

Staff Sgt. L. B. Pennington, 1st Batt. Hd. Co., 105th

Infantry.

Corporal Jules A. Guedalia, Troop E, 101st Cavalry. Pvt. 1st Cl. Pedro H. Agramonte, Company G, 107th Infantry.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Fred B. Monell, Jr., Troop E, 101st Cavalry.
New York State Civilian Team

Team Captain George S. Bergman, N. Y. City. Principals and Alternates

Louis A. Holtman, N. Y. City.
Charles M. Guldner, Yonkers.
William Mackey, Poughkeepsie.
Howard Stock, N. Y. City.
William Guldner, Yonkers.
Frank L. Yoran, Tarrytown.
John Humphreys, Hollis, L. I.
Michael Davidowitch, Brooklyn.
Paul Mackey, Poughkeepsie.
Edward R. Williams, Buffalo.
Duncan Sharpe, Brooklyn.

D. Mullin, Croton-on-the-Hudson.

Technical Sergeant Bernard Bowman, 102nd Ordnance Company, 27th Division Troops, is again detailed to the teams to look after the match rifles and pistols of the teams.

27th Division Reunion at Saratoga

REUNION of the 27th Division Association of the World War Veterans will be held at Saratoga, New York, September 27, 28, 29, 1929. According to the schedule, that city is to spare no expense to give the boys of "New York's Own" the time of their lives. The program includes a county fair, bazaar and exposition, dancing and vaudeville show, trips to the Saratoga Battlefields and other sightseeing tours. Assistant Secretary of War F. Trubee Davison will make the trip from Washington by airplane and there will be a simulated "raid" on the town at 5:20 A.M. the morning of the 29th by army airplanes. Our wartime General, Major General John F. O'Ryan, will be present in his capacity as Honorary President of the Association and other guests of honor will be the Ambassadors from Great Britain, France and Belgium as well as high ranking officers of the Regular Army. Father Francis Kelley, the "Fighting Chaplain" of the 27th Division, A.E.F., will conduct a military high mass at St. Peter's Catholic Church Sunday morning, September 29th. The association of "O'Ryan's Roughnecks" was organized at Saratoga nine years ago, that being the first reunion of the association and many will recall the splendid program that city put on on that occasion. They promise to outdo it this year. The principal subject for discussion at the meetings scheduled for September 27th and 28th will be the convention in London next year. Full information will be available at that time as to dates, costs, etc., of this trip back to the battlefields of France and Belgium. It is expected that there will be at least 5,000 veterans of the division present. There will be the usual parade. The members will also adopt a style of "oversea" cap to be worn by 27th Vets and a type of Post Flag will also be voted on. The tentative program is as follows:

Thursday—pre-date—Arrival. Sightseeing trips for visitors, frolic at State armory in evening.

Friday, 27th—10 A.M. Band Concert, 105th Infantry Band.

10:30 A.M. First Session of Reunion and Registration. Welcome by Mayor of Saratoga and other addresses.

2 P.M. Reunion Session. London trip information, other business matters for discussion.

Evening—Dance, Vaudeville and Bazaar for city guests.

Saturday, 28th—10 A.M. Reunion Session.

P.M. Parade, 27th Division Veterans (5,000 strong). Evening—Frolic and Reunion Ball.

Sunday, 29th—Church Services. Program to be announced later.

It has been predicted by many who can sense the situation that this will be the greatest gathering of 27th Division Veterans of all time and under the new plan of Post organization much will be accomplished toward making the 27th Division Association an outstanding model for other wartime divisional organizations to follow. WE'LL ALL BE THERE; DON'T MISS THE FUN—5,000 STRONG.



244th C. A. Completes Tour of Camp at Fort Ontario



HE first tour of camp of the 244th Coast Artillery, N. Y. N. G., under its new commanding officer, Col. Lewis M. Thiery, proved highly successful and gratifying in all respects.

The Regiment

left the Fourteenth Street Armory at 9:30 o'clock Saturday night, July 27th, entraining at Hoboken where the departure was made at 12:01 o'clock Sunday morning, July 28th, for Fort Ontario, Oswego. Both sections of the Regimental train arrived at 8:30 o'clock Sunday morning in sweltering heat. The hot weather continued until Saturday evening when, with a decided drop of temperature, it was followed by a severe windstorm which blew a ninety-mile gale off the lake. This lasted until the next Tuesday evening after which the wind calmed and more hot weather followed. The storm was quite severe and blew over several officers' tents.

Despite the sudden changes of weather everybody was cheerful and a highly successful tour of duty was completed.

The installation of guns and the target practice all were finished four days ahead of schedule. Each of the battalions conducted a road march out to South New Haven where they were in bivouac overnight. There was over a ninety per cent attendance of the Regiment in camp and every manoeuvre was performed with the precision of the ticking of a clock.

Battery E, Third Battalion, was awarded the prize for Guard Mounting. The competition for the Sanitary prize was so close that in the final decision the Captains of Battery A and the First Combat Train had to toss a coin and Capt. Eugene T. Colvin of the First Train won.

On returning home to the Armory Sunday, August 11th, where breakfast was served the officers and men, Colonel Thiery expressed his gratitude to the entire Regiment for its excellent cooperation and punctual performances of duty. He expatiated upon the work of Lieut. Col. Mills Miller, the executive officer, Capt. Francis H. Greene, Adjutant, and Capt. Walter P. Plummer, Quartermaster, all of whom he praised for their high efficiency.

A review was tendered Maj. Gen. Hanson Ely who presented long service medals to Capt. Henry G. Fowler, Lieut. Frank J. Comisky and Sgt. Charles Palladino.

The camp was inspected by Maj. Gen. William N. Haskell and also by Brig. Gen. John J. Byrne, who was tendered a review. On departure for New York at the close of the tour the Regiment marched through the streets of Oswego to the station, passing in review on the way before Brig. Gen. Washington I. Taylor at the Pontiac Hotel.

The camp also was attended by a number of Regular

Army Instructors including Maj. John F. Kahle, Maj. William C. Knight, Maj. Frederick C. Price and Capt. Thomas F. Cleaver.

The social life of the camp included a dance given in honor of the officers of the 244th by the Regular Army officers of the post at Fort Ontario, and a return dance given by the camp officers to the officers of the post and their ladies. Both functions were held at the Officers' Clubhouse in the old Fort.

The record pistol qualification course was fired at Camp with most gratifying results-the regiment coming out with approximately three times the number of qualifications obtained in 1928.

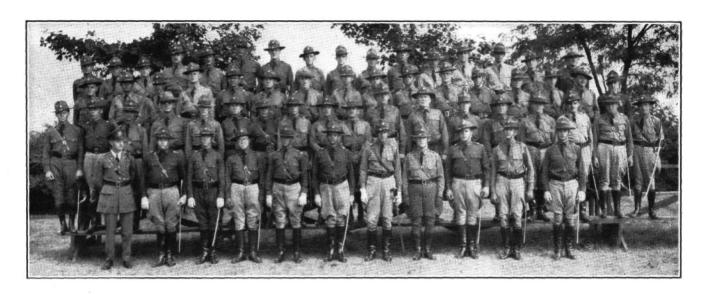
THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN is your magazine, published for your benefit and to keep you informed of

happenings in the Guard. Some outfits have news items of interest in every issue, but there are some others which are never heard from. Put your outfit on record. Try to

be represented in the GUARDSMAN every month. Send your contributions to the Editor, THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN, 829 Municipal Building, New York City.



71st Infantry Making Training History



HE 71st Infantry, Colonel Walter A. Delamater, came to camp over one thousand strong and showed progressive advance in all branches of training. They had a very successful tour and all the officers and men left for their home station healthier and happier from living in the open fifteen days.

"The regiment ain't what it used to be," moaned Orderly Coolie Small, colored, who has been with the Seventy-First in every encampment for the last twenty years. "Everything is military now; no fun like in the old days before prohibition when there were more men in the guard tent than in any of the company quarters."

Coolie was born in Florida but came to New York thirty-five or forty years ago when he was only a little pickaninny. He is messenger for the Red Cross as a gen-





eral occupation but arranges his vacation each year so that he may come to camp to be orderly for Major Thornton and Chaplain Brown. This is Chaplain Brown's first year in camp but his brother, R. S. Brown, preceded him. Coolie waited upon the elder chaplain and loved him. but he says he believes he will come to love the younger chaplain just as much. "And don't forget to say something nice about Colonel Hutchinson and Colonel Edward McLeer," said Coolie. "I waited upon them and they are certainly fine men."

Private Leo Leibowitz, Company F, came to camp with his right arm in a sling and has been unable to do anything during the encampment. "I got it broken down at the Alimony Club," he said when asked how he came by his injuries. He refused to give further particulars. "It



takes more than a broken arm to keep me away from the Seventy-First encampment," he said.

Just as war makes strange enemies, peace brings strange combinations into the bonds of friendship. In the 71st Regiment, now in camp at Camp Smith, Peekskill, N. Y., are three men who served under three different national emblems in the same sector of Belgium in the World War.

Pvt. James Morris, who served in the British artillery, was enlisted into Company H by Cpl. Gottlieb Haas. Haas was in a German machine gun unit and won iron crosses of the first and second class. He was enlisted into the 71st by Capt. W. V. Webster, who was in an American machine gun unit.

While Morris and Webster were shooting into the German lines in Belgium, Haas was pouring machine gun fire in their direction. Now the three are personal friends and comrades under the colors of the 71st Regiment.

A group of old timers were telling stories of camp days in the latter part of the Nineteenth century when Jacob Bettinger, who plays in the 71st Regiment band, exhibited a medal he won "For Faithful Service" in the old Eleventh regiment in 1886. Bettinger has been a National Guardsman ever since, having served in the Eleventh Regiment under Colonel Umberkant with headquarters in old Essex Market until the outfit was disbanded. He then joined the Sixty-ninth. He has been a member of the Seventy-first since 1899.

JOURNEY TO AND FROM CAMPS IMPORTANT PHASE OF MILITARY TRAINING

As important as a good tour of guard, good military courtesy, splendid parades and reviews and excellent target or firing practice, is the conduct and discipline of officers and men journeying to Camp either by train or private automobile. From every point of view, military, social and economic, the use of the private automobile should be discouraged.

In the first place, the movement of troops to Camp is essentially that of a field force moving as if to a mobilization camp for an emergency. Should the troops be called to duty, the movement would of necessity have to be made by public transport. Accordingly, the benefit of troop movement by public transport should be given to all of

our men. Individual movements to Camps by men in their private automobiles does not bring these individuals into the strict discipline of the train movement, and may encourage a certain lack of discipline throughout the period of camp. And as many men wish to take their cars, and only a few can be given that authority, there comes an element of special privilege given to a few and denied to others.

The unfortunate accidents incident to private travel are very disturbing. Unit commanders can help by reducing to a minimum the number of cars permitted at Camps and by insisting on a roll-call of all men at the time of departure of troop trains for home. Permit no man to leave by private machine until after the troop train has departed.

This matter should be given the very careful consideration of every officer.—The California Guardsman.

Public Relations and the National Guard

By CAPTAIN RICHARD S. WHITCOMB President Kansas State Military Committee

(Editor's Note—Published through the courtesy of Brigadier General Milton R. McLean, the Adjutant General of the State of Kansas, who issued it from his office as a Training Circular.)

N large business organizations what is referred to as public relations, the development of a friendly attitude on the part of the public to the organization, its personnel, its purposes, and its practices, is considered one of the most important phases of operation. Not only are special departments established to care for what might be termed the "professional" side of such relationships, but throughout the organization emphasis is placed upon developing a friendly and understanding attitude on the part of the public.

There is a close parallel in military organizations, and particularly in the National Guard. The military establishment provides in the staff the G-2 or Intelligence section, among whose duties is the maintaining of proper relations with the public, including the public at home at all times, and that abroad, particularly in occupied ter-

ritory, in war time.

Few business organizations are so foolish, however, as to suppose that good public relations can be developed and maintained by a small group of persons specially assigned to the job. No amount of "professional" activities designed to create a friendly public feeling will compensate for an unfriendly and discourteous personnel, for mistaken and unwise policies, or for a bad reputation resulting from wrong internal practices. Military organizations find these same things to be true.

Just for an example, if a company engaged in selling a service should through advertisements attempt to create a friendly public feeling, the effort could be entirely nullified, as far as one individual was concerned, by incivility by an employee; as far as another individual was concerned by the refusal to correct an obviously wrong charge; and as far as a third was concerned by assuming an attitude of indifference to his service problems. All the advertising in the world would not change these individ-

uals' opinions of that business organization.

In the same way, the efforts of the government to create a friendly and sympathetic attitude on the part of the public toward the important defense units might be entirely nullified as far as one person was concerned by the insolence of someone wearing the uniform; as far as another was concerned by an attitude of pained superiority toward reasonable and proper requests, or any request for that matter; and as far as a third was concerned by a failure to reach out aggressively for support that was ready but not sure it would be welcomed. Even a strong feeling of patriotism might not be able to help one of these three

persons to overcome the repugnance he could not help but

feel toward the military.

These things become increasingly important in the National Guard. The National Guard, it is true, is composed of those who are patriotically devoting their time to their country's need, preparing for emergencies, both state and national, and it would be only natural that those participating in the work of the Guard should feel that they had done enough; let the people show their appreciation for such self-sacrifice.

They who feel that way miss the point. What is worth doing, an old adage says, is worth doing well. If the national and state governments are to be well served, they must be served in such a way that friendliness is developed for the government projects. They are not well served unless as a result of the service there is developed, to the extent that particular job will permit, as much as may be of that essential requirement, in time of war particularly, a public that will support the government. It may be worth adding, too, that there is no element of self-sacrifice in the service of those who feel that there is an obligation on the part of others to appreciate them.

In the National Guard the commander of each unit, and, of course, proportionally each member of that unit, has,

among others, the following obligations:

 Recruiting his unit, not only to the authorized strength, but with the most desirable type of personnel.

2. Maintaining the efficiency and morale of his unit.

 Supporting and furthering the provisions of the national defense act, under which his unit is established, and thereby furthering the purposes of his government.

Good public relations has an important bearing on each of these three major obligations or missions. They are selected as examples to indicate the need and effect of good public relations. Specific activities looking toward the establishment of good public relations, considered separately in the following discussion, are all found to con-

tribute to these military objectives.

Reputations of Officers for Fairness and Courtesy. If an organization has the reputation for having courteous and just officers, officers who appreciate the importance of the regulation forbidding the capricious treatment of men and enjoining the conduct of relationships between officers and men on the basis of mutual regard and respect, men of high caliber will count it a privilege to serve in it. The development of an always courteous manner, and the obvious consideration of others, will go far toward the securing of such a reputation. The conduct of all relationships with enlisted men, as if each one was to be made the subject of a public report (as it is only too likely to be), in each such contact mixing justice and consideration with the degree of firmness and evidence of military decision appropriate, is an essential. No unit will have a good reputation if its commander or its officers or noncommissioned officers have the reputation for doing and saying things which subordinates may not tolerate without a loss

of self-respect.

Obtaining the Good Will of Respected Leaders of the Community. Friendship reacts to friendship. If a unit commander desires the support of leading and influential citizens, he must place himself in the way of getting it. In almost every community the Chamber of Commerce, and in many communities other organizations, have committees on military matters. Where there are no such committees, they can easily be arranged, usually by an organization commander requesting such a committee to function for a specific purpose, after which it can be made permanent. Properly interviewed, with the problems confronting the unit clearly explained, citizens who are well considered can be persuaded to serve. As a general rule it is desirable that not over half of such a committee should be former military men, or officers of other military organizations, such as in the Reserve. It is very often the case the officers of Chambers feel that such persons are best suited for such committee work when very often others with no past military record or present affiliations will do much the best work, seeing the problems more clearly because of their freedom of all military considerations.

In addition to those who are specifically assigned by civic organizations to such committees, there are hundreds of opportunities for the commander and members of an organization to learn of those in the community who are likely to be interested in military and national defense matters. Such persons, as well as members of committees dealing with military matters, should be asked to visit any drills at their option and certain drills and formations specifically. In the latter case, the drills should be interesting, involving movement or simple presentation, rather than such things as map problems. Those invited should be asked to bring friends, perhaps individuals whom the commander also desires to interest.

It is helpful if the commander makes it a practice to invite members of the Chamber of Commerce committee and others to have luncheon with himself and the other officers of the unit from time to time. An especially good occasion for such an event is a visit from a battalion or higher commander, a representative from the Adjutant General's office, and, on occasion, the periodic visit, if he comes from another station, of the Regular Army in-

structor.

It is particularly important for the commander of a unit to arrange with those interested in the unit to visit it at camp during the annual encampment. This gives an opportunity for better acquaintance, for the exercise of real hospitality on the part of the commander, and for the development of an understanding of some of the field problems. It is also desirable, in case of firing on the range at the home station, to invite members of military committees to visit and on occasion to participate in the firing. This privilege is often appreciated and never abused.

The enthusiastic interest of respected and influential citizens in a National Guard unit will result in the unit occupying a favored place in the public mind, attracting thereby a high type of recruit willing to associate himself with a well thought of organization. The aligning of these leaders of community thought on the side of national defense projects will result in many of less decision also supporting such projects, rather than becoming the easy prey of unscrupulous persons attempting to undermine the government by depriving it of the power of self-preservation.

Obtaining the Good Will and Support of the Press. Von Bernstorff is reported as having informed the German foreign office, in reply to a rebuke from it for not having maintained sufficient secrecy in regard to some German plan, "Nothing can long remain hidden in America." This is recognized as true, and it is true because the American press works on the basis that whatever is, is the business of the people. In this they are right. A people fit to govern must be a people fit to be intrusted with the facts. Unfortunately, if there are two sets of facts applying to a certain question, that set of facts will hold the public attention that is most recently repeated, most frequently repeated, and most vividly expressed.

It is not so much that there are two sides to every question; it is rather that there are separate facts, and from these facts conclusions are drawn. Immigration is a case in point. If the United States excludes nationals of one country, the United States is looking at the fact that it has the right to say who may or may not cross its borders. The excluded nation looks at an entirely different set of facts, principally that their nationals should have the same right to go and come as those of any other nation, and that they

should not be discriminated against.

Those two sets of facts are both reasonable, but the judgment of the situation depends upon which set of facts

is given the greatest weight.

It is the same way in developing good public relations on the part of a National Guard unit. The facts relative to the unit, its aims, its personnel and its results, need to be constantly in evidence. In his book, "Railway Freight Transportation," L. F. Loree, chairman of the board of the Kansas City Southern Railway, in commenting on an effort he made to secure certain action, said: "Apparently little is to be expected from argument, but much is to be hoped for from keeping the facts constantly in evidence." There are no cases on record of an organization commander favorably influencing the public by constant bickering and argument, especially with misguided but often good-intentioned pacifist organizations. If any should feel that the policy of keeping the facts of his side of the question always in evidence as the best way of favorably influencing public opinion is unmilitary, and not sufficiently direct and aggressive, he might remember the well-known statement of Marshal Foch to the effect that he did not command as many people considered him as commanding, but rather that he tried to persuade his commanders to his views by constantly presenting them in such a way as to win their approval.

It is, therefore, necessary to keep before the community, the organization's "public," the facts, not only on the unit, but on the general elements of national defense. In accomplishing the latter objective, however, it is often possible to accomplish the most by stressing the local unit. It seems, to those who see devils with forked tails lurking behind every citizen willing to defend his country, harder to invest the local "boys" with this satanic character,

particularly if they have been at pains to have themselves well thought of, than it is some remote and unknown "General Staff."

To keep before the community, the local press is the best single element of contact. The best way to maintain the friendly attitude of the press is to ask little, even though expecting much. The newspaper makes its way by publishing news. If an organization commander has news that will interest the community, the newspaper will be glad to print it. Because the military man often does not know which is news and which is not, his safest bet is to keep the newspapers informed of all that goes on in the outfit-drills, competitions, parties, visits of out-of-town people, and so on. What may be unimportant to the military man may be front page news to the editor. The winning of a cup at camp may be another way of littering up the orderly room so far as the company commander is concerned, but it is worth a picture and a story on the front page in many a local newspaper, even though not in all.

To be in a position to give this kind of information, it is necessary to be on as good terms with as many of the writing personnel of the local papers as possible. There is nothing selfish in that. Such relationships are equally to the advantage of the paper. An invitation to the armory on drill nights, and the passing along of information that comes his way, will help the commander to keep the newspaper well informed of what is going on, and thereby keep the unit and its purposes and results in the public eye.

In time of trouble, as when riot duty is being performed. it is so easy for officers to become engrossed in their duty, and sometimes, unfortunately, to become so engrossed with the importance of those duties, that scant courtesy is given to the press representatives. Much of what is accomplished is accomplished by the good will of the community. One of the ways to get this is through a friendly press. It is for this reason that assignments are usually made under such conditions of officers to handle all contacts with the press, or else such contacts are handled by the commanding officer, in case of a small mobilization. However, it is not enough that such provisions are made. Every officer is likely to come in contact with press representatives, at one time or another on such details, and it is essential that on such occasions it be borne in mind that both the press and the military have the same objective, serving the people, and if through orders or through lack of knowledge the officer is unable to assist the press representative, he should nevertheless not fail to impress him with his courteous and helpful intentions, and his desire to assist, even if that assistance be nothing more than directions as to where the only officer authorized to give out statements is to be found.

Obtaining the Good Will of Organizations. Under an earlier heading relating to the good will of influential citizens, much was said that applies to obtaining the aid and good will of organizations. As was pointed out then, most chambers of commerce have a military affairs committee, as do many other civic organizations. It was also mentioned that when such committees do not exist, it is desirable that they be formed, and that they can usually be formed most easily when a specific request is made for assistance in a special matter. This presentation of specific problems is perhaps one of the best ways of obtaining the support of responsible organizations. There are many things a unit commander needs. Armory space of the

proper kind, recruits, assistance in getting men excused for summer camps, and many other things, are constantly arising. It may be heroic to tackle these alone and single handed, and it might be desirable if enough wisdom could be found in one person to assure their solution. But, generally speaking, the best results are often obtained by bringing many minds to bear, particularly if the many are experts in a subject that the one may be a novice at, and certainly good results come from putting many hands to work; so it is desirable, as these problems arise, to turn to these organizations, not with an expression of futility or giving an impression of incompetence, but rather as if to say, "This is a community job. What is the best solution from the over-all community viewpoint? You people ought to be in on this, as you are on so many other things." Successful commanders often go so far as to invent, or at least go out of their way to develop, problems which may be presented to maintain interest.

There is often advantage in recognizing an organization as a whole. For example, inviting one of the civic clubs, such as the Rotary Club, to the armory, to be followed by other clubs, is a good idea. Many people are astonished to find what is really being done by the local military unit, and if an intelligent presentation of the good citizenship aims and character building activities of the unit is made, much good will be done. Many ministers find their first face-to-face contact with military matters, as such, through such group presentations to organizations of which they are members.

Civic Pride and Parades. Of course there are times when "No More Parades" seems like a good slogan. On the other hand, many military men, as well as organizations. if they were entirely truthful, would admit that parades have their enjoyable features. In any case, in every community the National Guard unit can often contribute much and frequently more than any other group, through participation in some local event involving a parade. one should be more willing to receive than he is willing to give. While it is natural for individuals in National Guard service to feel sometimes that they are giving a great deal, both in time and money, yet looked at from the over-all viewpoint, much of the "giving" will only be effective fully at some later date, in case of a national emergency; and it is important to "trade even," at least. with the local community in the matter of favors given and received. Military units, therefore, should be willing to go the other mile when it comes to cooperation with community enterprises which can be assisted by military participation. Of course, that military participation must be appropriate. Partisan matters, frivolous matters, matters in which the reputation of the unit might be adversely affected as a result of local disputes and rivalries, and similar occasions, will produce more harm to the unit than good as a result of participation. But where there is a general acceptance and recognition of the merit of the occasion, stretching a point in favor of participation may result in much good feeling, as well as the favorable presentation of the organization before many people at a desirable time.

Counteracting Subversive and Disloyal Propaganda. There is much propaganda, largely pacifism or under the guise of pacifism, which seeks to eliminate or undermine the established provisions for the national defense, including both the army and the navy. Much of this propaganda is directed toward blocking the construction of new naval (CONTINUED ON PAGE 18)

Baseball Championship Goes to Far West



174th Infantry Team-Champions, 1929.

OR 1929 the baseball championship of the New York National Guard and the Wadsworth Trophy which is emblematic thereof will rest in the very competent hands of the 174th Infantry and therefore will

journey to the extreme western limits of our state, the headquarters of the 174th being, as all should know, in Buffalo and its victorious team hailing from points still more remote, namely: Olean and Jamestown.

The final game was an East vs. West affair with the 245th Artillery team, hailing from the well-known Borough of Brooklyn, making a noble effort to bring back the championship to the Metropolitan area, but finally falling before a strong and well-balanced attack and defense. The effete East, however, did better than last year as it put two teams into the semi-finals instead of one so that it secured equal representation throughout.

The 174th showed strength in all of their games, beating the 71st in their first match by 22 to 3, winning from the 108th, last year's champions, by default, beating the 102nd Engineers 12 to 5 and the 245th by 12 to 9 and fully earned their title by clean, skillful and courageous playing. They were six runs behind at one time in the final games, but kept at it until this deficit became a credit balance.

The 102nd Engineers, as they did last year, produced a fine team that was dearly entitled to a place in the semi-finals and which only fell before the ultimate champions. They beat the 102nd Medical Regiment 10 to 4 and the 369th Infantry 11 to 8.

The 245th Artillery playing in the championship for the first time made a splendid showing and their presence in the series, the regimental uniforms with which they were equipped, and their good, hard playing added greatly to the success of the season. We hope we will always have them with us in the future.

It is a pleasure to pay tribute to the last semi-finalist, the 10th Infantry.

In their match against the 245th the regiment was represented by the Company F team from Walton. To the spectators it seemed that they were outclassed in the early innings but they showed such grit and (Continued on page 32)



245th Artillery Team-Runners-Up, 1929.

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SEPTEMBER, 1929

"WAR VETERANS PREFERRED CITIZENS"

THAT'S what Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier, a member of the Committee on Military Affairs of the New York Legislature, and always a friend of the soldier and military service, says in an article published in a recent issue of the New York Telegram, from which we quote:

"I do not agree with Secretary of War Good to the effect the law should not be extended granting 'decorations to distinguished soldiers for heroic and meritorious service in the World War,' and in his statement to the effect 'that it is human to magnify service after the lapse of a period of years.'

"Let me say that any man who donned the uniform of the army or navy during the World War or any other war not only deserves a 'decoration' at the hands of his country but that he is entitled to more.

"In fact, he is a preferred stockholder in the government of his country and preferred to all other citizens, because without his services the form of the government he is giving his very life for may perish from the earth, and the non-combative citizens at home, enjoying freedom, security, life and wealth, may become a subject race, their form of government destroyed, their freedom, security, life and wealth confiscated by the victorious nation and these citizens too proud to fight may become slaves.

"So the soldier and sailor should have the preferred lien on the taxpayers' money in preference to all others.

"For that reason the Legislature asks the people to vote favorably this fall on the concurrent resolution I had passed to amend the State Constitution to give preference and promotion to all disabled veterans of all wars in Civil Service appointment to civil office in the State.

"Assembly Chamber, Albany."

AMERICA OWES NO MAN ANYTHING

T is easy for the "soap box" orator of these days to put over the old stuff on the subject of "What America Owes Him" and he is working overtime before groups of eager-eyed men of foreign birth, up and down the land, says the Fifth Corps News.

It is foolish talk and worse. America owes nothing to any individual, class, creed, or race that has not been paid, in many cases a thousandfold. It is safe to say that no immigrant of recent years has set out for America with the one dominant idea in his head that he was coming here to benefit the country. It is just the other way around. The country is going to benefit him—increase his personal fortunes—and he means to get all out of it he can.

And so it has been always. From the Pilgrim Fathers to the immigrant who came ashore yesterday at the Battery. Every one has come primarily to receive and not to give.

What are the gifts of America to those who come? A constitutional representative government. Free public education. No mingling of church and state. Equal opportunity for all. Freedom and liberty. These are the beacons of America which shine today to the ends of the earth. These are the gifts that every race has come here to receive and they may not be denied to any ambitious, conscientious, law-abiding person who has been admitted.

When a member of any race, or class, or nationality rises to declare, and to lead others to believe, that America owes them anything that is not theirs for the honest effort to attain it, it is to laugh.

THE DECORATION FOR CHEERFULNESS

N exchange heralds the fact that according to a London paper, an unusual decoration has been awarded a young Frenchman whose merit lay not in any feat of arms or actual engagements, but in his extraordinary cheerfulness whereby he has encouraged his fellow-soldiers. The awful days in the trenches were illuminated by his perpetual smile. The good cheer he radiated was like a sunbeam shot through the darkness. He was, therefore, awarded the military decoration for cheerfulness. Truly, says the London editor: "The man who can keep cheerful is doing a splendid work for humanity."

General Haskell's Editorial

LOYALTY

N the Military Organization, Loyalty is much more than an abstract virtue. It is a requirement, a measure of real efficiency, and one of the most important qualities which are absolutely essential—as much for a successful Army as for a good soldier.

A well trained and equipped unit of any size may be built up, but if it is lacking in this great quality, it is no more than a hollow shell that will collapse under the strain of its first real test. It might be said that the first and most important quality of any soldier or of any military organization is loyalty. If a squad or a division has this, its bravery and discipline come as a matter of course.

We are all familiar with the need of this virtue in the partnership of every day life and business. It is ten times more important in the Army where morale usually makes the difference between defeat and victory and where the slightest disloyal act of one may imperil or waste the lives of his comrades.

Loyalty is a natural quality in some men, in others it must be developed. In any military unit it must be constantly developed as the character of an organization is naturally more complex than that of an individual, especially in the National Guard where the turnover of personnel from year to year is comparatively large. We must therefore strive to build up loyalty as a part of our daily military life. We

can promote it in ourselves and others by refraining from criticising our superiors, by avoiding loose talk, by confidence in and respect for those set over us by proper authority.

11,53,17 - 17

Every organization should at all times use its best efforts to assure the proper training

welfare and justice to its personnel.

If any officer or enlisted man has any constructive criticism to make, or feels that he has been done some injustice, ways are provided in the regu-

lations for him to bring such matter to the attention of superior authority which is ready to give full and sympathetic consideration to each case. The Articles of War and other Federal and State legislation and regulations assure every individual in our military organization of the fullest protection. There is no occasion for any lack of loyalty on this account.

I believe that every New York National Guardsman feels that his officers are honest and fair and that if any irregularity creeps in, surely those officers only need to have it brought

to their attention in order to correct it. Such a constructive criticism is as welcome and useful as loose-talk and ignorant criticism are unwelcome and harmful to the whole Guard.

Major General.

Guardsmen Should Back Up N.R.A.

N a letter to Brigadier General Franklin W. Ward, the Adjutant General, General Milton A. Reckord, Executive Officer of the National Rifle Association, says:

"As Adjutant General of Maryland, I, like yourself in New York, always took a keen interest in the work of the N.R.A. because of its activities in the direction of promoting small arms marksmanship in the National Guard and Regular Army, as well as among civilians. I have been considerably surprised since becoming the Executive Vice-President of the National Rifle Association to discover how little the average National Guard Officer (excluding the Adjutants General) knows about the work that the association has done and is doing in this country.

"The National Guard is heavily represented on the Board of Directors of the association and has always been given a considerable voice in its affairs. The conviction is growing on me that, outside of the Adjutants General and the men directly in charge of small arms practice in the various States, the National Guard as a whole does

very little to support the N.R.A.

"The association, as you know, receives no monetary assistance from Congress, nor from any source other than its individual memberships, club affiliations and match entry fees. A good many Guardsmen of my acquaintance are under the impression that the memberships received by the N.R.A. at the National Matches and the profits arising from the 25 per cent of the entry fees retained by the N.R.A. represent the principal element of income to the association. Hence, in view of the large National Guard representation at Camp Perry, these men feel that the Guard really is doing a great deal to support the organization. As a matter of fact, the number of applications received at Camp Perry are less than 3 per cent of the total membership, while the profit accruing to the association. after the expenses incident to the National Matches have been paid out of our portion of the entry fees, is less than 1 per cent of our total income.

"While it is true that individual membership in the National Rifle Association does not hold out the unique benefits to the National Guard Officer that it does to the civilian (because the Guardsman can already purchase arms, ammunition, etc., at Government prices), it is, I think, equally true that line officers and the staff officers in the Ordnance Department will profit through the direct contact with the National Rifle Association which is afforded through the medium of membership. The American Rifleman is sent to all annual members. Technical articles frequently appear in this magazine which are of value to any man concerned with the development of the small arms and small arms ammunition and training

methods.

"Through the medium of programs and circulars, officers will receive, direct, advance information in regard to the National Matches and the special Individual, Company Team, Regimental, Corps Area and National Military Championships, conducted by the association on a home range basis.

"Many officers facing range construction and similar problems could obtain practical aid and suggestions from the association if they were in intimate contact with it.

"Aside from these material considerations, there is the fact that the association has in years past done a great deal for small arms marksmanship in the National Guard in a variety of ways. Through its Board of Directors, the association extends to the National Guard a very large voice in its government.

"If for no reasons other than these two last named, I honestly feel that National Guard Officers, as a group, should do very much more to support the association through their individual memberships than they are doing now."



MOTOR TRANSPORT CO. RECEIVES CUP

Captain Mortlock S. Pettit, QMC. USA. DOL., the first Instructor-Inspector assigned to the 27th Division Train, QMC., NYNG., shortly after its organization. each year donated a beautiful silver cup, which is known as "The Pettit Trophy" and is awarded to the company securing the largest percentage in qualifications in small arms at record practice course fired during the field training period.

Motor Transport Company 106 with a percentage of 55 was declared the winner for 1929, and on Sunday, July 6th, during a review tendered to the 47th Veteran Association and the 47th New York Infantry Post No. 147, American Legion, at Camp Smith, Peekskill, N. Y., the "Pettit Trophy" was presented by Lieut. Col. Arthur J. Davis, QMC. USA. DOL., to the officers and enlisted men of Motor Transport Company 106.

Colonel Davis, in a well chosen talk, presented the trophy to Lieut. Joseph A. Rozell, commanding, Motor Transport Company 106, who replied in behalf of his company.



71st INFANTRY

One of the pleasant evenings with the 71st Infantry in Camp Smith was spent in the mess shack of the Third Battalion Headquarters Company at their fourth annual

dinner—and what a dinner! Beefsteak that was so good that one marveled at its having reached a soldier camp. And there were lots of other good things. Among the guests of honor, besides sev-

eral charming ladies, were:

Col. Walter A. DeLamater, Lt. Col. Fred M. Waterbury; Lt. Col. Ames T. Brown, Maj. Howard Donnelly, Maj. Edward J. Dougherty, Maj. Ellis A. Robertson, Maj. Kevney O'Connor, Capt. E. Francis Hertzog, Capt. Lloyd J. Arthur, Capt. Edwin J. Rafter, Capt. Carloss J. Chamberlin, Capt. Robert Brown, Capt. William C. Wohlfarth, Lieut. Clayland T. Morgan, Lieut. John A. Dietz, Lieut. Donald P. Sherman, Lieut. John G. Rueckel, Lieut. David S. Brown, Lieut. Thomas D. Edsall. Lieut, George A. Nagel, Lieut. Lief Anderson, Lieut. Kenneth C. Wade. Lieut. Fritz Gadewoltz, Cadet Francis A. Liwski, West Point, Patrolman Frank

V. Crane, Patrolman John J. Demme, Tec. Sgt. Alexander D. Ennis, Mr. Marcus Jacobs, Mr. Lou Wiesenberg.

Several speeches were made lauding the good work and records made by this outstanding unit in the regiment, which by the way qualified more men with the rifle than seven of the nine rifle companies, and a unit of but half strength allowance. The unit won in Camp Smith last year for the third year in succession the "Colonel's Cup", "Commodore's Trophy", "Grant Trophy" (for shooting) and "Regimental Streamer" for highest rate in efficiency. Besides this year they captured the new "Attendance Trophy" presented the regiment by Capt. William Hones, U. S. A.

The roster of this 100 per cent unit is:

Maj. Edward J. Dougherty, Commanding Third Bat.; 1st Lieut. Arthur B. Grant, Company Commander; 2nd Lieut. William Sturcy, Sgt. Maj. Abe Rosenblatt; Sergeants: Walter Bamberger, Jack F. Crane, Charles M. Lundberg, John Serfcheck; Corporals: Louis R. Constantine, Murray A. Fisher, John E. Killen, Charles J. Regan; Privates 1st Class: Sidney S. Baker, Jr., Francis J. DeVita, Herman E. Guskind; Privates: Dennis J. Buckley, James J. Daly, Frank A. Frankel, Frank T. Galuska, Edward J. Giarandino, Roy J. Held, John G. Morrice, John R. Osborne, Peter H. Pastiades, Charles A. Pisani, Edwin A. Polakoff, Rosario S. Rizzo, Hymie Smith, Fred V. Von Ahnen, James J. White.

14th INFANTRY

DIRECT FIRE FROM COMPANY M—As announced in the last issue of the GUARDSMAN, we were all "tickled pink" when we saw we led the regiment in attendance rec-

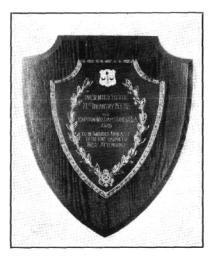
ord, but we were even happier when we got that issue because we found we led again. The previous time out attendance record was 93% and this time it was 96%. Maybe we did not make "whoopee" when we read the glad news! The only thing that worries us now is: can we keep it up? We are particularly happy because not only did Company M lead the regiment, but the regiment led the State insofar as infantry regiments go.

Another thing to make us happy is our new Lieutenant, S. E. Senior. Lieutenant Senior is a graduate of West Point, Class of 1925. He decided, however, that he did not want to be a professional soldier, so he resigned from the Army and went to Columbia, where he won his LL.D. However, the old call of the service was still in his veins, for he decided he would make a good National Guardsman, took the examina-

tion, passed and has proven that his decision was right, for he is already functioning and has already won the respect and admiration of his men.

We not only have a new First Lieutenant, but several men have passed the examination for promotion and as a result Bill Poltz and "Silent" Anderson have been promoted from Corporals to Sergeants and Frank Dalesio and Bert Wallman have been promoted to Corporals and George Wolf has been made Platoon Sergeant of the Second Platoon.

The next thing on our program is camp. We hope as usual to march in with maximum strength and 100% attendance. Because of our size we will have to get on the job again and put up extra tents, but what is erecting a couple of tents among friends. We have our same cook, so should eat second to none. We hope to increase our qualifications and if the plan works out, several of our men will come home with three qualification medals. We are going to spring a new one this year and try and annex some rifle qualifications. For the past several Sundays, several men have been firing on the range under the Skipper and First Lieutenant and we hope that some of them will prove proficient enough in camp.



The Capt. Hones Plaque for Best Attendance

245th COAST ARTILLERY

Flashes from F Battery-The rifle team from Battery

THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN for SEPTEMBER, 1929

F wound up a most successful indoor season by winning the first leg on the handsome silver trophy recently donated by the Russell Post Spanish-American War Veterans to faster rifle shooting among the batteries of the regiment. The match was very closely contested with Headquarters Battery and F fighting it out for first place. While individual high score honors went to Master Sergeant Dreyfus of Headquarters, who shot a 96 out of a possible 100, team victory rested with F Battery because of its consistent shooting as a team, 6 men registering 90 or over to give a team score of 885 against 857 for Headquarters.

BATTERY F SCORES

				prone	
Name	prone	kneeling	standing	rapid fire	total
Lt. R. Guhl	. 24	23	22	24	93
Sgt. N. O'Donnell	. 23	23	22	24	92
Sgt. W. Levine	. 25	22	19	25	91
Pvt. J. Gribben	. 25	23	18	25	91
Sgt. B. Adams	. 25	23	20	22	90
Pvt. A. Gribben	. 24	22	20	24	90
Lt. H. Paeper	. 23	23	18	24	88
Pvt. E. Jentz		20	20	23	87
Pvt. A. Coster	. 23	23	17	22	85
Pvt. J. Lopez	. 23	18	16	21	78
					-
H	239	220	192	234	885

The annual inter-battery regimental rifle tournaments for the Barnes Trophy carrying with it the rifle shooting championship of the regiment, developed the keenest competition in years, ending up with a torrid duel between Headquarters and F batteries; when the smoke of battle had cleared it was found that F was the winner with a score of 985 with Headquarters close behind with 980.

BATTERY F SCORE

Name	prone	standing	total
Sgt. Wm. Levine	48	42	90
Pvt. A. Gribben		45	90
Lt. R. Guhl	45	44	89
Sgt. N. O'Donnell		42	88
Sgt. B. Adams		41	87
Pvt. E. Jentz		41	84
Pvt. G. Adams		39	84
Lt. H. Paeper		37	83
Pvt. J. Gribben		36	81
Pvt. J. Lopez		30	74
Pvt. A. Coster		33	71
Pvt. E. Breslin	1	21	64
-			
	534	451	985



105th FIELD ARTILLERY

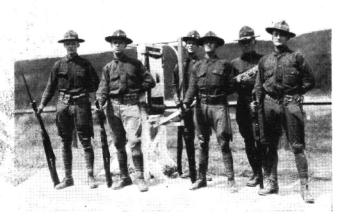
Notes—Battery "A", 105th Field Artillery. After passing the required examinations, conducted by Lieut. J. J.

Dunn of Battery "A", the following have been appointed the grade opposite their names:

Cpl. Wayne Bortzner to Sergeant; Pvt. 1st Cl. C. Kennedy to Corporal; Pvt. 1st Cl. W. Stutt to Corporal; Pvt. C. DeCandia to Private 1st Cl.; Pvt. J. Parsons to Private 1st Cl.; Pvt. A. Kirk to Private 1st Cl.

107th's Remarkable Bayonet Record

The 107th Infantry broke all records in the bayonet run on August 16th, qualifying a total of ninety experts. Not only was this remarkable feat accomplished but six men made perfect one hundred per cent scores in fast time, all being below time allowance granted.



Pvt. 1st Cl., Co. K, Edward S. Clark, 100% in 40 sec.; Pvt., Co. K, Raoul P. Fleming, 100% in 41 2/10 sec.; Pvt., Co. B, A. Carr, 100% in 41 3/10 sec.; Pvt., Co. F, Frank E. Tague, 100% in 42 2/10 sec.; Cpl., Co. I, Wilson Potter, Jr., 100% in 44 4/10 sec.; Sgt., Co. B, B. H. Hubay, 100% in 45 sec.

UTICA CAVALRY HAS ARMORY CORNERSTONE LAYING

N Saturday, August 3, 1929, were held the ceremonies of laying the cornerstone for the new Armory for Troop A, 121st Cavalry. Despite an almost steady downpour of rain there was an attendance of nearly five hundred, the majority of spectators remaining until the playing by the band of the national anthem at the close of the ceremonies.

Promptly at 2.30 the parade left the State Infantry Armory in Steuben Park and marched over Rutger Street to the Parkway to the new armory. The Fort Dayton Band of Herkimer and the Service Company Drum Corps of the 10th Infantry headed the parade followed by Companies M and L, Headquarters Company, 10th Infantry, Troop A, 121st Cavalry, mounted, city officials, county supervisors, G. A. R. veterans and invited guests,

Mr. Charles J. Fuess, master of ceremonies, told of the five years of work to obtain the new armory and asked that the members of the cavalry unit set a good example in order that parents might consider it a privilege for their boys to become members of the organization.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. Daniel Doody offered the invocation, and then Mr. Fuess called upon Mr. H. A. Sloane, superintendent for S. S. Roth & Bros. Co., the contractors. Mr. Sloane expressed the thanks of the company for the cooperation which had been given by city and state officials and promised that they would strive to have the building ready for occupancy by Christmas of this year

Captain John A. Coffey, chief of the Bureau of Grounds and Structures, office of the Adjutant General, brought a greeting from Brigadier General Franklin W. Ward, Adjutant General, and assured the troop of every possible

aid from the state department.

A copper box containing copies of local newspapers, new and old issue dollar bills, a roster and history of Troop A, reports of the Adjutant General for 1927 and 1928, and several other records and photographs was

placed under the cornerstone.

After a prayer by Rt. Rev. Edward Huntington Coley, the cornerstone was laid by Fred J. Rath, Mayor of the city of Utica. George W. Andrews, exalted ruler of the Utica Elks Lodge, gave a very splendid address. The program ended with the playing by the band of "The Star-Spangled Banner."

In the evening a reception and dinner was given to the guests at the Yahnundasis Golf Club, being attended by

about fifty.

It is needless to say that the troop is gratified to see the progress made on the new building and appreciate the very splendid efforts of those concerned in procuring the new armory.



104th Artillery Has A Good "Daddy" in Jamaica!

Action to hasten erection of the 104th Field Artillery Armory in Jamaica was taken when Attorney Nicholas Pette, World War veteran, was named chairman of a committee of citizens to meet with city officials and offi-

cers of the 104th to expedite the project.

Maj. Oscar Erlandsen, former president of the Jamaica Chamber of Commerce and now chairman of its Military Affairs Committee, said Jamaicans are proud to welcome the 104th to Jamaica. This military unit will mean much to Jamaica, he declared, and Jamaicans, in turn, must do everything possible to push erection of the new home for men whose quarters in Manhattan have been sold by the city.

Major Erlandsen pointed out that officers of the 104th are looking on Jamaica as their home and members of the regiment are moving to Jamaica. At present a garage and stable on 168th Street and the Long Island railroad are serving as a temporary armory. Tentative plans have already been announced for a large, modern armory to be

erected in Jamaica.

Erlandsen also stated that the Army men were in need of a polo and training field at least 300 by 1,000 feet and asked the members of his committee to locate such a field.



102nd Medical Regiment

Here we are again—back to the life of a civilian. How any man can refuse to get enthused over camp life is something I can't see. Two weeks of health, of pleasure, of drill, of learning and of forgetfulness of our civilian

lives. What a time!

And our trophies! A placque for 100% attendance; a peach of a cup for a V. S. kitchen and more 100% duty

medals than any other outfit.

Well, let's see now—there's Sergeant Cordy, with about 18 more grey hairs—there's DeLewis without any thoughts and Sergeant Florio with a peach of a tan—Davidson with his wobbly legs and giggly grin, Barry and that "flivver", Friedberg, training for a comeback, Gilmore and his smile, Aboba and his spud knife, Toscia and his medal, Sergeant Lilla and "that" sash, the team of Franklin and Sheets in their song and dance "Come and get it", that bucket dance of the flying waters, Florio's tears over DeLewis (and his broken heart), Sergeant Languriand and his Engineer Parties (no invites to us, shame on Langy) and that's only a few of the pleasant camp reminders. Well, back to the old grind—drills and preparations for next year for a bigger and better tour (if it's possible).

All Shooting Records Broken

The 108th Infantry, Colonel John S. Thompson, 54th Brigade, with headquarters at Syracuse and located in the cities of Rochester, Syracuse, Medina, Auburn, Hornell, Elmira, Geneva, Oswego, Watertown and Ogdensburgh, has broken all training records in number of men qualified while at Camp Smith. The total number of qualifications being 926, made up of 417 rifle (a record), 247 pistol (a record), 81 machine gun (a record), 61 howitzer, 47 auto rifle and 72 bayonet.

The 107th Infantry established a new bayonet record with 90 qualifications.

For several years the 10th Infantry, a separate unit organization with headquarters in Albany, carried off the qualification banner of the state, finishing last year a little behind the 108th with the rifle and howitzer, and the 107th with the bayonet, but establishing a new pistol record of 213, auto rifle record of 66 and a grand total of 821.

For many years the 108th Infantry, then the 3rd Infantry, made up of units in most of the same cities as now,

held the state record in rifle qualifications.

As "Daniel Boone" disciples, the 108th has always been a dangerous rival to organizations looking for the state qualification record and we understand that now they are going to call the regiment "Macnab's Own" in honor of our new Senior Instructor, Colonel "Sandy" Macnab, known throughout the army as the "Father of Rifle Marksmanship."

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 10)

ships, eliminating the R. O. T. C. in American high schools and colleges, and in general the reduction of appropriations for military purposes. There has never been a time when, while there was peace, there were not plenty of people who were willing to forego any armament on the basis that because there is no war on at the moment, there will never be another. More important, there are never lacking those who, for reasons of their own, are only too willing to take advantage of that combination of hopefulness and credulity to further their own destructive ends. It should be remembered that the charge of disloyalty, like that of militarism, is easier made than proved, and it is well not to attack the motives of specific individuals unless under exceptional circumstances. It is better to concede their good intentions, questioning the practicability of their proposals. It is only fair to say, however, that those who are known to seek the downfall of the nation, and who are known to be subversive in their designs, advocate the same measures as those who claim to operate from only the highest motives. The first group, being realists, easily recognize that the second group can do their work for them, and are more difficult to combat.

In almost every community are those who are advocating the reduction and elimination of the military and naval forces, who cry out against any form of military training, and who lose no opportunity to cry "militarist" at any one engaged in any defense activity. These persons, being at home, are fairly easy to combat. They are usually sincere, and the same means that will win the support of the community in general are likely to win their support in time. The policies of making friends and keeping the facts constantly in evidence go far in converting these more determined oppositionists. It is important that nothing be said which will cause them to lose their self-esteem in case they should capitulate. That is, the way should always be open for the person opposing the military program gracefully, perhaps by degrees, to come over to the other side.

Even if the friendly presentation of the facts will not prevail, it will at least result in a friendlier feeling and remove the element of personal antagonism that forbids any friendly solution to a problem. It will serve to make the opposition less aggressive.

Much more serious is the invasion of the so-called "leader of thought" who has a story to tell of the nations all joining together in friendly fraternization, as a result of which the United States should shed such of its coat of mail as remains to it, there being no possibility of the other nations using the weapons which remain to them for attack. When these propagandists come into sight, it is well to remember that the one thing they desire is attention. To be publicly attacked is to them very welcome, for they are then sure of a good audience, and being fluent and persuasive speakers they may make converts or, more important, be so mild as to leave the way open for them to come back with reputations as broad-minded men unjustly accused.

In case a quiet presentation of the facts will not influence those responsible for the visitor to cancel his visit, then the less said about it until after the event the better. The less publicity attends the event the less will be its impression. Afterward, depending upon the circumstances, more might be said. The best plan would be to make a subsequent effort to influence in a friendly way those who are responsible for the visit.

In general, the military principle that, under most conditions, an envelopment is better than a frontal attack applies to contacts with subversive and un-American movements.

Personal Popularity. One large business organization in its effort to develop good public relations has used the expression "personal popularity," meaning thereby that, as it is impossible for the members of the organization to divest themselves, in their contacts with their friends and others, of their identity as members of the organization, it is essential that in all contacts they develop a "personal popularity" which will reflect in the good will developed by the corporation. This is sound policy. For example, it is not possible for any military person, private to general, to divest himself of his military character. The National Guard officer who is respected for his character, liked for his friendliness, appreciated for his capability, and in general is the sort of person others like, develops in the minds of those with whom he comes in contact the idea that all military men have those characteristics, and that military organizations also have them.

It is well worth while then, not only for National Guard officers to strive for this personal popularity won by merit, but to impress upon other officers and men the fact that "to the public they are the army," and the public's opinion of the army will be its opinion of them. If it is possible to build citizenship and character in military organizations, as all military men at least will agree that it is, it is equally possible to develop a friendly personality.

Similar to this theory of personal popularity is another closely allied. There is evident throughout the country a growing feeling in regard to law enforcement. Partly engendered by the policy of the federal government, partly the result of newspaper reports of the prevalence of violent crime, partly perhaps the result of seeing those engaged in lawless pursuits enjoying apparently undisturbed an affluence denied to others, lines are daily being drawn that serve to identify the individual as either a stickler for the observance of the law, or as one whose enthusiasm for the law shrinks directly with any conflict his personal beliefs or desires may have with it.

In combating those who seek to injure the government through subversive conduct, it is dangerous to enter the conflict with weak points in one's armor, particularly if those weak points are more serious than failures of reasoning, being the subversive attitude of disrespect for law. Called as they often are to uphold the law, it is desirable that personal respect of military men for it be such as to command the regard of those who must look to them as exponents of the authority of the state.

Finally, the whole question of public relations, good public relations, may be summed up as one of keeping true and favorable facts before the public, presenting them in a number of ways through a variety of contacts. More important than anything else, perhaps, is the old advice, "Don't have an advertising agent; be one." The officer whose motive is as much to present himself to the public as his unit, or the program of national defense, is nullifying his efforts. It is never difficult to determine who are those who are imbued with zeal for a great cause and those who are imbued with a desire for public attention. Those who are really interested in the welfare of the program they represent are not seeking to see themselves recognized in the public prints or in the public mind, but they are content with the presentation of the facts in such a way as to make them acceptable.



How!

One day the office boy went to the editor of the Soaring Eagle and said:

"There's a tramp at the door, and he says he has had nothing to eat for six days."

"Fetch him in," said the editor. "If we can find out how he does it we can run this paper for another week."

A negro employee of the Express Company approached his boss with the query:

"Boss, what we gwine to do 'bout dat billy goat? He done et up where he gwine."

Safe

Little Sister: "Bobbie, quick—I've dropped my tart under the table. See that Rover doesn't eat it!"

that Kover doesn't eat it!"

Bobbie: "Don't worry—I have my foot on it."

-Passing Show.

Why Rush?

A man went into a southern country store to make a quick purchase before his train left. The only man in sight, was taking his ease in a big chair. After waiting a few minutes the customer said: "I say, can't you wait on me? I'm in a hurry to get along."

"Thunder!" said the storekeeper, "Couldn't you come in some time when I'm standing up?"

Like Some We See In Camp

Cooper "Honestly, now, you would never have thought this car of mine was one I had bought second-hand, would you?"

Coles: "Never in my life. I thought you had made it yourself."

Scandal

Seeing his mother nod pleasantly to the minister who went by, Archie inquired:

"Who's that, Mamma?"

"That's the man who married me, dear," replied mother.

"Then, if that's the man who married you," said Archie, "what's pa doing at our house?"

Small Arms Training

Hardware Salesman: "What kind of gun do you want? Shotgun, pistol, rifle? Describe the purpose for which you want a gun."

Lady: "Oh, he's dark and tall."

Small child, at Bronx Zoo: "Mama, where from doth elephants come, and don't try to thtall me off wif that gag about the stork?"

Time For One Game

The Byrd Antarctic Expedition took along a set of chessmen. They shouldn't have done that. After all they're only going to be gone for two years.

Probably Had "C. P. X." Training

A mother received this message from her son, who had departed for college, leaving behind some very necessary clothes:

"S. O. S., B. V. D. S., C. O. D."

The Safety Vault

Father: "Where shall I hide Willie's present?"

Mother: "I think the best place is in the bathroom."

Ain't It the Truth?

"When did the robbery occur?" the cross-examining lawyer asked the witness.

"I think—" he began.

"We don't care what you think; we want to know what you know," remarked the lawyer.

"Well, I may as well get off the stand then," said the witness. "I can't talk without thinking. I'm no lawver."

Don't Throw That Hand Grenade

Who?

Husband (fiercely): "I'll show you who's running this house."

Wife: "You can't. It's her day out."

Why They Laughed

Speaker: "These aren't my own figures I'm quoting. They're the figures of a man who knows what he's talking about."

Moira: "He told me he could live on my kisses forever."

May: "Are you going to let him?" Moira: "Not till I find out what I'm going to live on."

-Sydney Bulletin.

Her Score?

Nell: "I heard you were out on the golf links yesterday. What did you go round in?"

Stell: "My new Scotch plaid. Really, dear, it fits perfectly."

Anybody's Guess

"Your wife's a blonde, isn't she?"
"I'm not sure. She's down at the beauty parlor now."

—Brooklyn Eagle.

She Didn't

Wife: "It's about time your daughter was getting married."

Hubby: "Well, let her wait until the right man comes along."

Wife: "Why should she? I didn't!"

Cares of Office

"Are you in favor of Prohibition?"
"Absolutely," answered Senator Sorghum.

"Have you ever taken a drink?"

"Occasionally. As a trusted legislator, I feel it my duty to study both sides of a question."

—Washington Star.

Applied Philosophy

A placid old lady who took life philosophically sat knitting in the drawing-room. To her there came rushing her fifteen-year-old granddaughter.

"Oh, granny, granny," cried the girl, "father's just fallen off the

oof!"

"I know, my child," replied the old lady, without even raising her eyes. "I saw him pass the window."

HOW WE STAND

Maximum Strength New York National Guard Minimum Strength New York National Guard	uard83.04%
DIVISION HEADQUARTERS Maintenance Strength	INFANTRY Maintenance Strength
ment 27th Division	2. 10th Infantry 1156 3. 105th Infantry 1139 4. 71st Infantry 1127
Maintenance Strength	5. 108th Infantry
FIELD ARTILLERY BRIG. HDQRS. Maintenance Strength	7. 106th Infantry
INFANTRY BRIGADE HDQRS. Maintenance Strength 28 87th Brigade 45 53rd Brigade 38 93rd Brigade 37	10. 369th Infantry
54th Brigade	ARTILLERY, 155 How. Maintenance Strength
Maintenance Strength	106th Field Artillery
AVIATION Maintenance Strength	ARTILLERY, C.A.C. Maintenance Strength
SIGNAL BATTALION Maintenance Strength	ARTILLERY FIXED DEFENSES Maintenance Strength
ENGINEERS Maintenance Strength	ARTILLERY, 75's Maintenance Strength
DIVISION TRAINS, QMC Maintenance Strength	105th Field Artillery
STATE STAFF Authorized Strength 137 A. G. D. Section 6	MEDICAL DETACHMENT Maintenance Strength
J.A.G.D. Section 4 Ordnance Section 25 Medical Section 3 Quartermaster Section 27	ARTILLERY, A.A. Maintenance Strength
COAST ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS Maintenance Strength	ARTILLERY, 155 Guns Maintenance Strength
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17.

Average Percentage of Attendance N. Y. N. G.

July Average Attendance for Entire Guard......83.04%

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THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN for SEPTEMBER, 1929

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Hdqrs. Btry	i	. ī	37	32	86
			43	38	88.37
54th Ir	nf. Br.	No.	Aver		
					Aver.
(6)	82.85%	Rep.	and	Aver.	%
Hidaes	•	2	105.	4	80
Hdqrs Hdqrs. Co		. 2	30	25	80
			35	29	82.85
87th I	nf. Br.	No.	Aver.		
		QI.	Fres.		Aver.
(7)	78.04%	Kep.	and	Aver.	%
	, ,	rec a.	A.08.	nt.	Att.

2	36	5 27	100 76
	41	32	78.04
% Rep.	and Abs.	Aver. Att. 3 25	Aver. % Att. 75 73
alry B			73.68
	No. of Rep. Rec d	No. Aver of Pres. 3% Rep. and Abs	2 5 5 2 36 27 41 32 No. Aver. of Pres. (C) Rep. and Aver. Rec. d. Abs. Att. 1 4

(9)No drills

A NINTH CIVIL WAR VETERAN DIES

Colonel George A. Hussey, a vet-eran of the Civil War, died on Saturday, August 3rd, in the Home at Wappingers Falls, N. Y.

Funeral services were held on Monday in New Hamburg, N. Y., and interment in the National Cemetery at Arlington, Va.

As a member of the 9th Regiment. N. Y. S. Militia, he volunteered his services to the Government for the war, and was mustered into the 83rd N. Y. Volunteers on April 18, 1861, leaving New York City for Camp Cameron on May 27, 1861. He served through the entire period, '61 to '64, participating in many prominent battles, and was mustered out on June 23. 1864.

In the death of Colonel Hussey there remain only two survivors of the old regiment, namely, Colonel David N. Foster, Fort Wayne, Ind., and Colonel John H. Cochrane, Reading, Pa.

A valuable collection of records of the many organizations which participated in the preservation of the Union, the property of the Veterans of the Ninth, remain as evidence of his indefatigable personal labors.

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"While enroute from Camp Smith to Syracuse one of the ambulances of the 105th Ambulance Co. chanced to come upon the scene of a terrible motor accident on the State Highway between Little Falls and Herkimer. It didn't take long for the men in the ambulance to realize that here was a serious situation. So in a very short time the three victims had been placed in the ambulance and were being rushed to the Little Falls Hospital. Much credit is due to Pvt. McHale for the fast time he made in getting the victims to the hospital and also to Sgt. Stewart for the way he handled the situation."

CPL. HAROLD WILLIAMS, 105th Ambulance Co.

National Guard Units Are Prepared

As a step in carrying out Governor Roosevelt's plan of military preparedness to handle possible future prison riots such as occurred at Clinton and Auburn prisons, Adj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward has asked National Guard units in prison territory to familiarize themselves with the "lay of the land" about these prisons.

The Adjutant General emphasized that he had issued no orders contemplating a mobilization.

Commanding officers of guard units in Glens Falls, Saratoga and Whitehall, all in the vicinity of Great Meadow prison at Comstock, were said to have received maps of the terrain about that institution.

Officers of these units have arranged for fire bell signals to effect mobilization of their organizations in case of an attempted break there.

Governor Roosevelt, on inspection of the prison at Comstock this week, said the institution was peaceful.

Earlier, after his inspection of Clinton Prison at Dannemora, the Governor announced he had instructed Adjutant General Ward to make a survey of the Auburn and Ossining sections where militia is available with a view to having units specially trained for handling prison outbreaks.

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COLONEL MacNAB NOW NEW YORK'S SENIOR INSTRUCTOR

Colonel Alexander J. (Sandy) MacNab, Jr., known throughout the Army as the man who taught the A. E. F. to shoot, reported for duty August 21st at Camp Smith as senior regular army instructor with the New York National Guard. Colonel MacNab recently returned from Mexico City, where he was military attache. While in Mexico he accompanied Col. Charles A. Lindbergh on a hunting trip the two made by airplane.

Colonel MacNab gained wide renown as a hunter when he was a young lieutenant in the Philippines. Sent to an isolated section of Mindanao, where the natives threatened an uprising, the Colonel restored order by supplying the rebellious tribesmen with wild game which he killed.

During the World War Colonel MacNab developed the system of mass training for riflemen. After serving with the American Army of Occupation on the Rhine, he returned to this country and became senior instructor with the New Jersey National Guard. Later he was executive officer at the national rifle matches at Camp Perry, Ohio, and just previous to his appointment as attache in Mexico City he was Assistant Chief of Infantry in Washington.

Colonel MacNab has written a number of military textbooks, and his treatise on pistol training is regarded by Army experts as the best work ever compiled on the subject. He relieves Col. Adolphe Huguet as instructor at Camp Smith.

"Sandy's" legion of friends in the New York National Guard are pleased to welcome him into the official family.

A NEW SOLDIER MAGAZINE

We have welcomed to our editorial exchange desk this month the "Dixie Officers' Gazette," volume one, number one. This new military effort in the journalistic field is published under the direction of Colonel Hu B. Myers, U. S. Cavalry, at New Orleans, La., in the "interests of the civilian components of the Army of the United States." The style is good and the news is interesting and informative. "May it live long and prosper."

ONE OF THE MANY GOOD THINGS THAT THEODORE ROOSEVELT SAID

Only those are fit to live who do not fear to die; and none are fit to die who have shrunk from the joy of life and the duty of life. Both life and death are part of the same great adventure. Never yet was worthy adventure worthily carried through by the man who put his own personal safety first. Never yet was a country worth living in unless its sons and daughters were of that stern stuff which bade them die for it at need; and never yet was a country worth dying for unless its sons and daughters thought of life not as something concerned only with the selfish evanescence of the individual, but as a link in the great chain of creation and causation, so that each person is seen in his true relation as an essential part of the whole, whose life must be made to serve the larger and continuing life of the whole.-Charnwood's "Life of Roosevelt."

The laziest woman in the world is the one who puts popcorn in her pancakes so they'll turn over by themselves.



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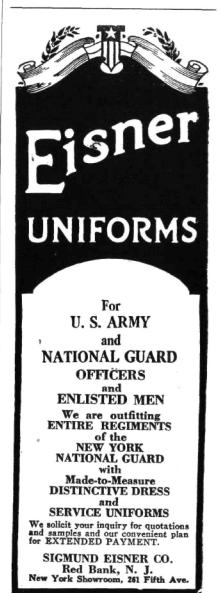
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POLO TOURNAMENT

Lieut. R. M. Eichelsdoerfer is in charge of the Second Corps Area Military Championship Polo Tournament to be held at Governor's Island September 1, 2, 7, 8, 14, 15, 18, 21, 22, 28 and 29—eleven matches in all.

The purpose of the tournament is to stimulate interest in polo among, and bring into closer contact, all elements of the army throughout the United States. In 1926 this tournament was won by Princeton R.O.T.C., in 1927 by the 101st Cavalry, N.Y.N.G., and in 1928 again by Princeton R.O.T.C.

The polo field is only ten minutes from South Ferry with ample ferry accommodations for motor cars and free parking space directly at the playing field.

The prices, in order to provide funds for the support of army polo throughout the Corps Area, have been fixed as follows: Boxes seating six persons, \$100 for the tournament of eleven games, or \$50 for three seats, or \$35 for two seats for the series. A full box of six seats for any single game, \$15. A full box for the four Saturday dates is \$60 and for the five Sunday dates \$75. Individual box seats for any game \$2.50 each. Checks should be made to the Second Corps Area Polo Fund and mailed to the Lieutenant in charge of the tournament.





A FAST QUARTETTE

Winners of General Phelan's Trophy and Inter-Company Relay Champions of the 14th Injantry.

At the recent Athletic Meet of the 14th Infantry the boys of Company F showed their skill by winning General Phelan's Trophy. Company F started from scratch in the Inter-Company Relay Match. The company is very proud of its team and trophy.

The members of the team from left to right are John Wiltrzychowski, William Kelly, John Bonczychowski and Stanley Kryda.

Company F is also represented on Regimental Relay Team by three of its members, which added laurels to itself by winning their event in the recent competition of the Military Athletic League.

The boys of this company are also strutting their stuff leading the rifle companies of the regiment in the matter of attendance.

TRACK AND FIELD

The inter-regimental swimming meet between the 107th and 108th Infantry was held in the Camp Swimming Pool on Thursday afternoon, August 22, 1929, at 4:00 and resulted in an overwhelming victory for the natatorial artists of the old 7th. The results of the competition were:

50-YARD—FREE STYLE Won by Baxter. 1st Bn. Hq. Co., 107th Inf.

2nd—Myers, Co. H, 107th Inf. 3rd—Evans, Co. H, 107th Inf. Time, 33½ seconds.

50-YARD—BACK STROKE Won by Myers, Co. H, 107th Inf. 2nd—Jacquemard, Co. H, 107th Inf. 3rd—Weissmann, Co. H, 107th Inf. Time, 58% seconds.

100-YARD—FREE STYLE Won by McCafferty, Co. H, 107th Inf. 2nd—Messer, Co. H, 107th Inf. 3rd—Brennan, Co. L, 107th Inf. Time, 1 minute 24½ seconds.

100-YARD—BREAST STROKF. Won by Rose, Co. A, 107th Inf. 2nd—Jacquemard, Co. H, 107th Inf. 3rd—Weissmann, Co. H, 107th Inf. Time, 1 minute 35 seconds.

200-YARD—FREE STYLE Won by Evans, Co. H, 107th Inf. 2nd—Baxter, 1st Bn. Hq. Co., 107th Inf.

3rd—McCafferty, Co. H, 107th Inf. Time, 3 minutes 12½ seconds.

Won by Frene, Co. C, 107th Inf. 2nd—Palmer, Co. H, 108th Inf. 3rd—Mitchell, Military Police Det. Time, 1 minute 31 seconds.

400-FOOT RELAY—(Teams of 4) Won by Co. H, 107th Inf., with Myers, Werner, McCafferty, Jacquemard.

2nd—Co. L, 107th Inf., with Deveralf, Hendricks, Bauer, Brennan. No third. Point Score: 107th Inf., 61 points; 108 Inf., 1 point.

The inter-regimental track meet was held on the East Parade on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Again the 107th Inf. decisively defeated their brothers in arms of the 54th Brigade. Summaries:

 $\begin{array}{c} 100\text{-}YARD\ DASH\\ Won\ by\ Staiger,\ Co.\ D,\ 107th\ Inf.\\ 2nd-Kirwan,\ Co.\ F,\ 107th\ Inf.\\ 3rd-Zicka,\ Co.\ D,\ 107th\ Inf.\\ Time,\ 10\frac{1}{5}\ seconds. \end{array}$

220-YARD DASH Won by Staiger, Co. D, 107th Inf. 2nd—Kirwan, Co. F, 107th Inf. 3rd—Raymond, Co. G, 107th Inf.

440-YARD RUN Won by Zicka, Co. D, 107th Inf. 2nd—Hope, Co. C, 107th Inf. 3rd—Ritter, Co. G, 107th Inf. Time, 58% seconds.

HALF MILE RUN
Won by Allan, Co. F, 107th Inf.
2nd—Hyde, Co. D, 107th Inf.
3rd—Deverall, Co. L, 107th Inf.
Time, 2 minutes 21½ seconds.
100-YD. RESCUE RACE—Teams of 2
1st Team—Bealer and Stevens, Med.
Dept. Det., 108th Inf.

2nd Team—Fitzgerald and Deverall, Co. L, 107th Inf.

3rd Team—Dutcher and Peterson, Co. L, 107th Inf.

Time, 28 seconds.

1 MILE RELAY—Teams of 4
Won by 107th Inf. (Hope, Co. C;
McMerney, Co. M; Ritter, Co. G;
Entrostle, Co. K).

2nd—107th Inf. (Zicka, McKettrick, Staiger and Hyde, all of Co. D).

3rd—107th Inf. (Fitzgerald, Co. L; Deverall, Co. L; Desio, Service Co.; Kinsella, Service Co.).

Time, 4 minutes 19 seconds. Point Score: 107th Inf., 49 points;

108th Inf., 5 points.

TWO GUARDSMEN IN HIGHER GRADE FOLLOWING TEST

Corporals Albert Rabb and John Reed, Battery E, 156th Field Artillery, having received the highest ratings in recent competitive examinations have been promoted to the grade of Sergeant in the Battery.

Sergeant Rabb will be the non-commissioned officer in charge of the fourth section, which includes one French 77mm. gun and accompanying caisson. As such he is immediately responsible for the proper function of the fourth section of the Battery, including the command and leadership of the enlisted personnel of the fourth gun crew, knowledge of ballistics and the control of artillery fire, practical horsemanship, and mounted manoeuvres.

To Visit State Camp

Sergeant Reed is advanced to the senior non-commissioned grade of the Battery Commander's detail, and is responsible for communications coordinating the sections of the Battery as well as the Battery Command Post with the rest of the Battalion. Telephones, semaphores and radio are used on special occasions. The Sergeant assists in the reconnaissance and occupation of position and sets up the instruments for computing the initial firing data.

The new non-coms left with Battery E on Saturday, August 24th, when the Battery joined the regiment for its two weeks' summer encampment at Pine Camp. N. Y.

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Officers Commissioned in the New York National Guard During the Months of May and June, 1929, With Dates of Rank and in Order of Seniority

Second Lieutenants (Cont.)			
Copp, LeRoy S June 14, '29	104th F. A.	Graham, Henry P June 24, '29	71st Inf.
Amanti, Jerome J June 14, '29	258th F. A.	Todd, Fred P June 24, '29	107th Inf.
Herrmann, Eugene G June 14, '29		Kent, Frank S June 24, '29	107th Inf.
Wild, Maxwell M June 17, '29		Zito, Michael R June 25, '29	245th C. A.
Gillen, Harold W Tune 17, '29		Wickenden, Herbert C June 25, '29	121st Cav.
Gadewoltz, Fritz A. H June 17, '29	71st Inf.	Van Nest, Harold W June 26, '29	107th Inf.
Britten, Louis A June 17, '29	14th Inf.	TT 0.71	
Doud, Alfred H June 18, '29		Warrant Officer	
Armstrong, Michael A June 19, '29		Shannon, Thomas F June 7, '29	106th Inf. (Bd. Ldr.)

Separations From Active Service, May and June, 1929, Resigned, Honorably Discharged

	First Lieutenants	
106th F. A.	Brown, James L June 6, '29	106th F. A.
	Fitzpatrick, Paul G June 5, '29	258th F. A.
	Hutchings, Roy T June 15, '29	10th Inf.
102nd Engrs.	Pierson, Max J June 10, '29	M.C., 10th Inf.
	Putnam, Stanley R May 10, '29	53rd Brig.
	Rauch, Otto June 21, '29	10th Inf.
	Volze, George J May 27, '29	Inf., 27th Spl. Tr.
	Second Lieutenants	
	Driscoll, Michael A June 12, '29	
		156th F. A.
	Warrant Officers	
	Kogler, George P. F. June 15, '29	106th F.A. (Bd. Ldr.)
	106th F. A. 245th C. A. 102nd Engrs. V.C., 104th F. A. 107th Inf. 245th C. A. 245th C. A. 165th Inf. 108th Inf. 108th Inf.	106th F. A. Brown, James L. June 6, '29

Transferred to the National Guard Reserve At Own Request

Lieutenant Colonels Brandt, Erdmann N. May 10, '29 Terry, George F. June 6, '29		Sullivan, John B May Wohlfarth, William C May First Lieutenants		
Majors deFiganiere, Frederick May 25, '29 Street, William W June 15, '29	52nd F. A. Brig.	Johnson, James W. June Panzarella, Joseph C. May Thomas, Howard A. May Second Lieutenants	27, '29	106th F. A.
Captains		Boisvert, Leon May	25, '29	106th F. A.
Brennan, Edward L May 3, '29	52nd F. A. Brig.	Grecsek, Ernest R May		
Carswell, William B June 15, '29		Stallings, Allen P June	27, '29	Inf. 27th Tank Co.,
Higbee, Lester C May 31, '29	105th Inf.			27th Spl. Tr.
Hunt, Francis V May 9, '29	14th Inf.	Tapers, John M May	25, '29	71st Inf.
Rasbach, Frank E June 6, '29	O.D., 27th Spl. Tr.	Wilshear, John A May	9, '29	105th F. A.
Stanton, Walter X May 31, '29	258th F. A.	Wolff, William F May	31, '29	258th F. A.

Long Service Medals Awarded For Month of May, 1929

CLASS II (20 Years)
Col. Walter G. Robinson, 105th Inf.
Stf. Sgt. Harry F. Meyer, 104th Coll. Co., 102nd Med. Regt.
Sgt. Carl J. Stoltz, Co. H, 10th Inf.
Pvt. William Evers, Serv. Co., 165th Inf.
CLASS III (15 Years)
Lt. Col. Bernard W. Kearney, 105th Inf.
Lt. Col. Robert P. Wadhams, M.C., 102nd Med. Regt.
Capt. William P. Ganley, 106th Inf.
Capt. Frederick A. Gillette, 106th Inf.
Lt. Charles R. Jacobsen, 11th Sep. Div., N. M.
lst Lt. Laverne F. Campbell, Co. B., 108th Inf.
Ens. Joseph A. Lighthouse, 6th Div., 3rd Bn., N. M.
W. O. Roscoe C. Adams, 10th Inf.

M. Sgt. William H. Kyle, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
1st Sgt., William H. Merrick, Hq. Btry., 105th F. A.
Sgt. Arthur J. Allen, Med. Dept. Det., 156th F. A.
Sgt. Paul N. Lambert, Co. K, 108th Inf.
Sgt. William H. Nellist, Serv. Co., 174th Inf.
Corp. Archie E. Brown, Co. L, 108th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Charles J. Schwartz, 104th Hosp. Co., 102nd Med. Regt.
Pvt. Peter F. Elliott, 104th Coll. Co., 102nd Med. Regt.
CLASS IV (10 Years)
Lt. Col. William Schroeder, Jr., Inf., N. G., Res.
1st Sgt. Edward W. Bohm, Serv. Co., 14th Inf.
Sgt. Edward C. Jennings, 106th Inf.
Sgt. Robert C. Matthews, Med. Dept. Det., 369th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Thomas V. Fennessey, 102nd Mtcl. Co., 27th Spl. Tr.

Adjutant General's Page

Continued from August

Officers Commissioned in the New York National Guard During the Month of July, 1929, With Dates of Rank and in Order of Seniority

		$Branch\ and$
Captains Date	of Ran	k Organization
deRoza, Joseph G. July	3, '29	245th C. A.
Durnford, George A July	9, '29	108th Inf.
First Lieutenants		
Senior, Solomon E July	1, '29	14th Inf.
Kolish, Walter C July	8, 29	212th C. A. (AA)
Mazzei, John CJuly	8, '29	244th C. A.
Gibson, Thomas S July	11, '29	M. C., 71st Inf.
Massey, Milton F July		
Bolton, Danforth D July		
Schell, George HJuly		
Coffey, Vincent J July		
Chlieb, Jack July		
Second Lieutenants		
Hickey, Charles S July	3, '29	27th Spl. Tr.
Mullins, Thomas J July		165th Inf.
Walsh, Thomas J July	8, '29	M. A. C., 102nd M. R.
Ehrman, Frederick D., Jr July	8, '29	14th Inf.
Bradley, John J July		
Steffens, Charles MJuly	10, '29	244th C. A.
Poirot, Romine FJuly		
Grasheim, Randolph B July		
Cohen, Herman C. July		
Warrant Officer		
Henderson, Alva W. July	16, '29	106th F. A. (B. L.)

Separations From Active Service, July, 1929, Resigned, Honorably Discharged

Captains	
Haran, James F. July 8, '29	165th Inf.
Haveron, Henry J July 22, '29	105th F. A.
Ray, Ermin LJuly 8, '29	102nd Med. Regt.
Young, William H July 8, '29	156th F. A.
First Lieutenants	
Durkee, Roosevelt W. July 5, '29	108th Inf.
McVeigh, Daniel J. July 5, '29	
Palmer, Herman M July 15, '29	10th Inf.
Second Lieutenants	
Leary, Arthur R July 24, '29	165th Inf.
Wilkie, Herbert H July 5, '29	

Transferred to the National Guard Reserve At Own Request

Captains	
Andrews, Frederick W. July 8, '29	108th Inf.
Buchanan, Harold H. July 24, '29	10th Inf.
Chambers, John A. July 24, '29	10th Inf.
First Lieutenants	
Goddard, Walter C. July 5, '29	102nd Med. Regt.
Sowdon, Arthur W. July 8, '29	27th Div. Avi.
Tottis, Theodore J. July 5, '29	M. A. C., 102nd M. R.
Second Lieutenants	
Carrere, Joseph M., Jr. July 22, '29	244th C. A.
Reichers, Louis T. July 8, '29	27th Div. Avi.

Long Service Medals Awarded For Month of July, 1929

SPECIAL CLASS—(35 Years) Sgt. Joseph Hutchinson, Co. B, 108th Inf.

CLASS I—(25 Years) Capt. Otto J. A. Grassi, 101st Sig. Bn. Capt. Charles B. Plumley, 105th Inf. 1st Lt. Edward J. Fagan, 102nd Engrs. Tech. Sgt., Hq. Det., 27th Div. Tn., Q. M. C.

CLASS III—(15 Years)

CLASS III—(15 Years)
Lt. Comdr. Henry L. Howe, Hq., 3rd Bn., N. M.
Maj. James H. McSweeney, 105th F. A.
Maj. Arthur E. Shephard, 87th Brig.
Capt. George W. Daley, 108th Inf.
Capt. Alfred Huddelson, Jr., 156th F. A.
Capt. Howard R. Humphrey, 104th F. A.
Capt. Joseph R. Leers, 258th F. A.
Capt, Cecil H. Page, 108th Inf.
W. O. George F. Briegel, Hq. & Serv. Co., 102nd Engrs.
Stf. Sgt. James E. Cleveland, 14th Inf.
Sgt. Otto Reinhardt, Btry. K. 245th C. A.
Pvt. 1st Cl. John T. Diamond, Hq. Tr., 51st Cav. Brig.
Pvt. Raymond P. Curran, Btry. D, 105th F. A.
CLASS IV-(10 Years)
CLASS IV — (10 Tears)

Pvt. Raymond P. Curran, Btry. D, 105th F. A.
CLASS IV-(10 Years)
Capt. Henry G. Fowler, 244th C. A.
Capt. Philip C. Hacker, 102nd Med. Regt.
Capt. Jerrold D. McCarthy, 102nd Med. Regt.
Capt. John F. Moran, 165th Inf.
Capt. William T. Price, 108th Inf.
Capt. Earl Timeson, 105th Inf.
Capt. Charles A. Williams, 369th Inf.
1st Lt. Edward L. Gallagher, 108th Inf.
1st Lt. William F. Leversee, 105th Inf.
1st Lt. Louis L. Parke, 10th Inf.
1st Lt. Francis W. Sutherland, 107th Inf.
2nd Lt. Earl R. Chappell, 174th Inf.
M. Sgt. Douglass Carnegie, Hq. Det., 27th Div.
1st Sgt. Ward E. Brown, Hq. Btry. & C. T., 1st Bn., 104th F. A.
1st Sgt. Frank J. Comiskey, Hq. Btry., 244th C. A.
lst Sgt. Francis J. Joyce, Serv. Tr., 101st Cav.
1st Sgt. Alfred B. Mancuso, Btry D, 105th F. A.
1st Sgt. Frank G. Nelson, Co. F, 14th Inf.
1st Sgt. Patrick J. Quinn, Co. A, 174th Inf.
Sgt. Charles E. Bennett, Co. K, 107th Inf.
Sgt. Adolph S. Braungard, Co. C, 108th Inf.
Sgt. William X. Daley, Co. I, 108th Inf.
Sgt. Henry W. Hahn, 3rd Combat Train, 244th C. A.
Sgt. William Haupt, Service Co., 10th Inf.
Sgt. Grover J. Hayner, Co. A, 174th Inf. Sgt. Albert J. Kaufman, Co. F. 165th Inf.
Sgt. William A. MacKender, Co. A, 174th Inf.
Sgt. James J. McConville, Serv. Co., 107th Inf.
Sgt. William McDonald. 107th M. T. Co., 27th Div. Tr., Q. M. C.
Sgt. Henry F. Mesler, Co. A, 174th Inf.
Sgt. William E. Patten, Btrv. E, 212th C. A.
Sgt. Leon J. Robinson, Co. F. 105th Inf.
Sgt. Frederick S. Seager, Co. C, 108th Inf.
Sgt. John J. Smith, Btry. B, 105th F. A.
Sgt. Morris H. Talcott, Serv. Co., 108th Inf.
Corp. John Bailey, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Corp. Elwood A. Dunn, Co. A, 108th Inf.
Corp. Max Winterle, Jr., Hq. & Serv. Co., 102nd Engrs.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Nicholas P. Bauer, Co. A, 174th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Charles K. Brown, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. William J. Donlan, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. William Fish, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Salvador Gioscia, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Christian Goetz, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Clarence B. Howroyd, Btry. C, 156th F. A.
Pvt. 1st Cl. Charles H. Smith, Co. A, 174th Inf.
Pvt. 1st Cl. William H. Unright, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pvt. Joseph G. Chateauvert, Serv. Co., 10th Inf.
Pyt. Ignatius Fischl, Hq. & Serv. Co., 102nd Engrs.
Pvt. William J. MacArthur, Hq. & Serv. Co., 102nd Engrs.
Pvt. Martin W. Neary, Btry. C, 156th F. A.
Pvt. Mark F. Nichols. Serv. Co., 10th Inf.

Pvt. Albert Resnick, 212th C. A.

Pvt. Charles A. Schaefer, Btry, D, 105th F. A. Pvt. Joseph J. Tracey, Co. C. 106th Inf.

SENIOR INSTRUCTOR'S OFFICE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD 840 Municipal Building New York City

August 30, 1929.

Major General William N. Haskell, Commanding New York National Guard, Camp Smith, Peekskill, New York.

My dear General Haskell:

Before I close my detail I wish to express to you and to all of your Staff and the 27th Division Headquarters Company and the Headquarters Detachment my deep appreciation for the unfailing courtesy shown to me, for the splendid spirit of cooperation, and for the splendid results obtained during the time that I was on duty as Senior Instructor.

I wish the New York National Guard continued success and the maintenance and improvement of its present high standard.

I will always be interested in and have the welfare of the Guard at heart.

Very sincerely,

ADOLPHE HUGUET, Colonel, Infantry (DOL).

Important Notice

to all present and former members of

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Through the courtesy of the press department of the Public Service Ticket Office we have arranged to forward on to any former or present member a Special Theatre Ticket Discount Season Book, which will entitle the holder to secure Theatre Tickets at

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TAKE MOVIES AT POST

Motion pictures of Fort Ontario, of the 258th Field Artillery, and of the principals in the motion picture story of Oswego which is being taken by the Eugene W. Logan company, were shot by cameramen of the company. The principals in the screen romance, Miss Betty Sloan and Fred Kelly, high school athlete, were filmed in a number of scenes around the post and camp. Other scenes are to be taken, but before the principals who have starred in a number of scenes go to college they will be given a preview of so much of the film as has already been shot.

BASEBALL CHAMPIONSHIP GOES TO FAR WEST

(Continued from page 11)

determination that they carried the 245th to ten innings before succumbing by the score of 7 to 6. All who saw that match will rate them as a good, game team that gave everything they had and never gave up trying.

Nor should mention be omitted of the 369th Infantry whose team has been improving every year and with a little added strength in some positions will soon be located amongst the final contestants.

All in all it was a good season, it produced many interesting games and "the best man won."

The winning 174th Infantry team was composed of the following officer and enlisted men: Second Lieutenant Leo R. Kozlow, Company I, manager; Sergeant Frank J. Slayer, Company I, third base; Corporal Edmond M. Duke, Company I, catcher; Corporal Joseph S. Woodgie, Company I, right field; Corporal Englund, Company E, pitcher; Private First Class Peter Hallod, Company I, first base; Private First Class John R. Williams, Jr., Company I, left field; Private Pascal R. Ambrose, Company I, pitcher; Private Carlson, Company E, catcher; Private Anthony J. Belvees, Company I, shortstop; Private Johnson, Company E, outfield; Private William C. Klatte, Company I, center field; Private Walter J. Marlatt, Company I, second base; Private Edward J. McFadden, Company I, outfield; Private Alfred J. Peruzzi, 1st Battalion Headquarters Company, pitcher.



Photo from Wide World Photos

Capt. J. F. White, Chaplain of the 102nd Medical Regt., with the Col. Lucius A. Salisbury Trophy for Company Kitchens, won by the 106th Collecting Company of White Plains and Capt. H. J. Lucas, Adjutant of the 102nd Medical Regt., with the Capt. H. J. Lucas Trophy for Company Streets. won by the 106th Hospital Company of Albany.

"Well, Buster, what are you going to give your little brother on his birthday?"

"I dunno. I gave him the measles last year."

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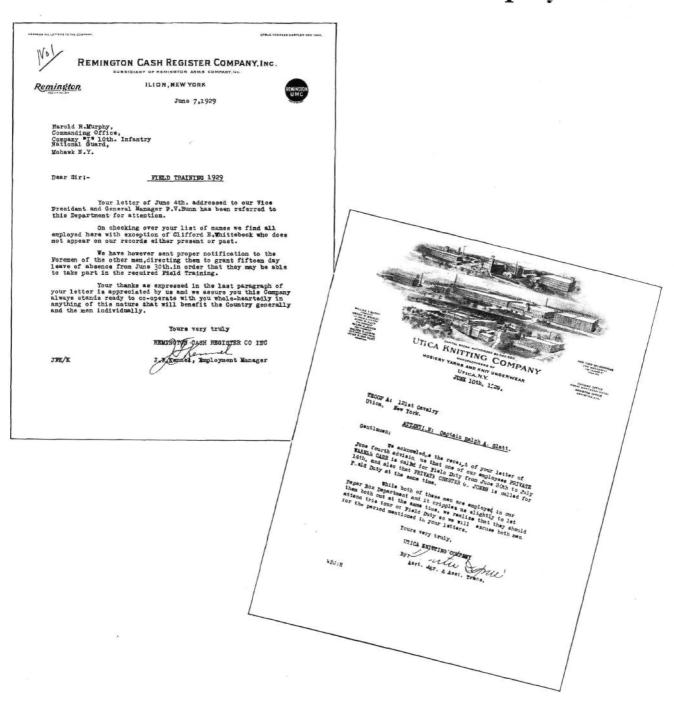
Out of 10 appointments made by the New York National Guard as a result of the State preliminary examination in November, 1928, five were won by students attending this school. All five won cadetships to West Point in March, 1929.

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H. G. Stanton, Major, U.S.A., Resigned; Graduate West Point, 1911;Instructor, Dept. of Math., West Point, 1914-17; Asst. Prof., West Point, 1921-25

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